بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Refresh your information about juz Amma (30th Juz) before Ramazan in sha Allaah

Memorise Surah Naaziaat vocabulary before Ramazan

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Series : from 23 January 2025 to 26 february 2025 Refresh your information about juz Amma (30th Juz) before Ramazan in sha Allaah

In this segment, we'll go ayat by ayat, using the Sahih International translation of the Quran. Each ayat will be explained in a simple way to make its meaning clear and relatable.

وَالنَّازِعَاتِ غَرْقًا :Ayat 1

Translation:

"By those [angels] who extract with violence."

Explanation:

This ayat refers to angels who forcefully take the souls of the disbelievers at the time of death. The word "اثَّازِ عَالَتِ" (those who extract) emphasizes their strength and swiftness.

وَالنَّاشِطَاتِ نَشْطًا :Ayat 2

Translation:

"And [by] those who remove with ease."

Explanation:

Here, the angels are described as gently and easily taking the souls of the believers. The word "تَشْطَات" suggests the idea of smoothness, like untying a knot.

وَالسَّابِحَاتِ سَبْحًا : Ayat 3

Translation:

"And [by] those who glide [as if] swimming."

Explanation:

This refers to the angels moving swiftly and smoothly through the heavens, akin to swimming in water, fulfilling the commands of Allah.

فَالسَّابِقَاتِ سَبْقًا : Ayat 4

Translation:

"And those who race each other in a race."

Explanation:

Angels compete or rush forward to carry out Allah's commands without delay. This reflects their eagerness and dedication.

فَالْمُدَبِّرَاتِ أَمْرًا :Ayat 5

Translation:

"And those who arrange [each] matter."

Explanation:

Angels are assigned to manage the affairs of creation by Allah's command, such as delivering provisions and protecting individuals.

يَوْمَ تَرْجُفُ الرَّاجِفَةُ :Ayat 6

Translation:

"The Day the blast [of the Horn] will convulse [creation]."

Explanation:

This ayat describes the first blowing of the trumpet by Angel Israfil, shaking the entire universe and marking the beginning of the Day of Judgment.

Translation:

"Followed by the subsequent [one]."

Explanation:

The second blowing of the trumpet brings resurrection, as all creatures are raised from their graves.

قُلُوبٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ وَاجِفَةً :Ayat 8

Translation:

"On that Day, hearts will tremble."

Explanation:

This refers to the fear and anxiety that will grip the disbelievers' hearts on the Day of Judgment.

أَبْصَارُهَا خَاشِعَةٌ : Ayat 9

Translation:

"Their eyes humbled."

Explanation:

Their eyes will be downcast in submission and humiliation due to their realization of their past sins and rebellion.

يَقُولُونَ أَنِنَّا لَمَرْدُودُونَ فِي الْحَافِرَةِ : Ayat 10

Translation:

"They are [now] saying, 'Will we indeed be returned to [our] former state [of life]?""

Explanation:

The disbelievers mockingly question the possibility of being resurrected after death.

أَئِذَا كُنَّا عِظَامًا نَخِرَةً :Ayat 11

Translation:

"Even if we should be decayed bones?"

They further doubt the resurrection, arguing the impossibility of life being restored after their bodies have decayed into bones.

قَالُوا تِلْكَ إِذًا كَرَّةٌ خَاسِرَةٌ :Ayat 12

Translation:

"They say, 'That, then, would be a losing return."

Explanation:

The disbelievers sarcastically claim that if resurrection occurs, it would result in their downfall and loss

فَإِنَّمَا هِيَ زَجْرَةٌ وَاحِدَةٌ :Ayat 13

Translation:

"But it will be only one shout."

Explanation:

Allah explains that resurrection is effortless for Him, requiring only one command or trumpet blast.

فَإِذَا هُمْ بِالسَّاهِرَةِ : Ayat 14

Translation:

"And immediately they will be [alert] upon the earth's surface."

Explanation:

After the second trumpet blast, people will rise from their graves, fully awake and on the plain of resurrection.

هَلْ أَتَاكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَىٰ :Ayat 15

Translation:

"Has there reached you the story of Moses?"

Allah reminds the Prophet Muhammad (**) and the listeners of the story of Prophet Musa (Moses) to reflect on his mission and Allah's power.

إِذْ نَادَاهُ رَبُّهُ بِالْوَادِ الْمُقَدَّسِ طُوًى : Ayat 16

Translation:

"When his Lord called to him in the sacred valley of Tuwa."

Explanation:

This refers to the moment when Allah spoke to Musa (عليه السلام) at the valley of Tuwa, commanding him to go to Pharaoh.

اذْهَبْ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَىٰ :Ayat 17

Translation:

"Go to Pharaoh. Indeed, he has transgressed."

Explanation:

Allah commands Musa (عليه السلام) to confront Pharaoh, who had exceeded all bounds of arrogance and oppression.

فَقُلْ هَل لَّكَ إِلَىٰ أَن تَزَكَّىٰ :Ayat 18

Translation:

"And say, 'Would you [be willing to] purify yourself?""

Explanation:

Musa invites Pharaoh to abandon his arrogance and disbelief and purify himself by believing in Allah.

Translation:

"And let me guide you to your Lord so you would fear [Him]."

Explanation:

Musa offers Pharaoh guidance towards Allah, hoping he would fear Him and repent.

فَأَرَاهُ الْآيَةَ الْكُبْرَىٰ :Ayat 20

Translation:

"And he showed him the greatest sign."

Explanation:

Musa displayed miracles, such as his staff turning into a serpent, as proof of his prophethood.

فَكَذَّبَ وَعَصَىٰ : Ayat 21

Translation:

"But Pharaoh denied and disobeyed."

Explanation:

Despite witnessing the miracles, Pharaoh rejected Musa's message and continued in rebellion.

ثُمَّ أَدْبَرَ يَسْعَىٰ :Ayat 22

Translation:

"Then he turned his back, striving [against Allah]."

Explanation:

Pharaoh arrogantly turned away and actively worked to oppose the truth.

فَحَشْرَ فَنَادَى : Ayat 23

Translation:

"And he gathered [his people] and called out."

Explanation:

Pharaoh assembled his people to declare his supposed superiority and divinity.

فَقَالَ أَنَا رَبُّكُمُ الْأَعْلَىٰ :Ayat 24

Translation:

"And said, 'I am your most exalted lord.""

Pharaoh falsely claimed ultimate authority and divinity, leading his people astray.

فَأَخَذَهُ اللَّهُ نَكَالَ الْآخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَىٰ :Ayat 25

Translation:

"So Allah seized him with an exemplary punishment for the last and the first [transgression]."

Explanation:

Pharaoh was punished for his arrogance and oppression in both this world and the Hereafter.

إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً لِمَن يَخْشَىٰ :Ayat 26

Translation:

"Indeed, in that is a lesson for whoever would fear [Allah]."

Explanation:

The story of Pharaoh serves as a warning and reminder for those who are mindful of Allah.

أَنْتُمْ أَشَدُّ خَلْقًا أَمِ السَّمَاءُ بَنَاهَا 27: Ayat 27:

Translation:

"Are you a more difficult creation or is the heaven? He constructed it."

Explanation:

Allah challenges the disbelievers, asking whether their creation is harder than the creation of the vast heavens, which He constructed with perfection and ease.

رَفَعَ سَمْكَهَا فَسَوَّاهَا :Ayat 28

Translation:

"He raised its ceiling and proportioned it."

Explanation:

Allah highlights His power by describing how He elevated the sky to an immense height and balanced it flawlessly in structure and function.

وَأَغْطَشَ لَيْلَهَا وَأَخْرَجَ ضُحَاهَا : Ayat 29

Translation:

"And He darkened its night and extracted its brightness."

Explanation:

Allah emphasizes His control over the alternation of night and day, showing how He brings the night's darkness and the day's light with precision.

وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذُلِكَ دَحَاهَا :Ayat 30

Translation:

"And after that He spread the earth."

Explanation:

After creating the heavens, Allah shaped and spread the earth to make it habitable for His creatures.

أَخْرَجَ مِنْهَا مَاءَهَا وَمَرْعَاهَا : Ayat 31

Translation:

"He extracted from it its water and its pasture."

Explanation:

Allah brought forth water from the earth in the form of rivers and springs, and caused vegetation to grow for sustenance.

وَالْجِبَالَ أَرْسَاهَا :Ayat 32

Translation:

"And He made the mountains firm."

Explanation:

Allah stabilized the earth with mountains to prevent it from shaking and to serve as landmarks and sources of resources.

مَتَاعًا لَّكُمْ وَلِأَنْعَامِكُمْ :Ayat 33

Translation:

"As provision for you and your grazing livestock."

Explanation:

All these creations—water, vegetation, and mountains—are for the benefit of humans and their livestock, highlighting Allah's mercy and providence.

فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الطَّامَّةُ الْكُبْرَىٰ :Ayat 34

Translation:

"But when there comes the greatest calamity."

Explanation:

The "greatest calamity" refers to the Day of Judgment, the most severe and overwhelming event that will affect all creation.

Translation:

"The Day when man will remember that for which he strove."

Explanation:

On the Day of Judgment, every person will reflect on their deeds and realize the true significance of their efforts in this world.

وَبُرِّزَتِ الْجَحِيمُ لِمَن يَرَىٰ :Ayat 36

Translation:

"And Hellfire will be exposed for [all] who see."

Explanation:

The blazing Hellfire will be brought forth and made visible to all, serving as a stark reminder of its reality and severity.

فَأَمَّا مَنْ طَغَىٰ :Ayat 37

Translation:

"So as for he who transgressed."

This refers to those who rebelled against Allah's commands, disbelieved, and committed acts of arrogance and sin.

وَآثَرَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا :Ayat 38

Translation:

"And preferred the life of the world."

Explanation:

These are the people who prioritized worldly pleasures and desires over the Hereafter and obedience to Allah.

فَإِنَّ الْجَحِيمَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ :Ayat 39

Translation:

"Then indeed, Hellfire will be [his] refuge."

Explanation:

For such people, Hell will be their final abode, as a consequence of their choices and actions.

وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوَىٰ :Ayat 40

Translation:

"But as for he who feared the position of his Lord and prevented the soul from [unlawful] inclination."

Explanation:

This refers to those who were conscious of Allah's greatness and restrained their desires to remain obedient to Him.

فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ : Ayat 41

Translation:

"Then indeed, Paradise will be [his] refuge."

Such people will find their eternal home in Paradise, as a reward for their piety and self-discipline.

Translation:

"They ask you, [O Muhammad], about the Hour: when is its arrival?"

Explanation:

The disbelievers mockingly question the Prophet Muhammad (**) about the exact timing of the Day of Judgment, doubting its occurrence.

فِيمَ أنتَ مِن ذِكْرَاهَا :Ayat 43

Translation:

"In what [position] are you that you should mention it?"

Explanation:

Allah tells the Prophet Muhammad (**) that the knowledge of the exact time of the Hour is not within his domain; it is known only to Allah.

إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ مُنتَهَاهَا :Ayat 44

Translation:

"To your Lord is its finality."

Explanation:

The ultimate knowledge of the Hour's occurrence rests solely with Allah, and no one else has access to this information.

Translation:

"You are only a warner for those who fear it."

The role of the Prophet Muhammad (*) is to warn people, especially those who are mindful of Allah and fear the consequences of the Hereafter.

Translation:

"It will be, on the Day they see it, as though they had not remained [in the world] except for an afternoon or a morning thereof."

Explanation:

When people witness the Day of Judgment, their worldly life will feel like it lasted only a fleeting moment in comparison to the Hereafter's eternal nature.



Part 1

vocabulary Taseer lugavi from as Siraj and understanding the structure of kalima by arshad basheer

part 2

detailed analysis of Surah an naziaat ' (Ayah by Ayah), focusing on vocabulary. This analysis includes the singular and plural forms of nouns (Ism), Maadi, Mudari' of all mushtaqqaat , Mujarrad, and Masdar, along with their meanings.

ترتيبها 79 سورة النازعات آياتها 46 مكية					
الآية الكلمة معناها					
ا نگریزی میں معنی	ار دومیں معنی	عربی میں معنی	قرآنی الفاظ	شار	

TRANSLATIO N IN ENGLISH	TRANSLATI ON IN URDU	TRANSLATION IN ARABIC	QURANIC WORDS	NUMBER S	
By those [angels] who extract	سختی سے کھنچنے والوں کی قشم	قسم بالملائكة تنزع أرواح الكفار	والنازعات	1	5650
With violence	ڈوب کر	نزعا شدیدا	غرقا	2	5651
And [by] those who remove	حچٹر ادینے والوں کی قشم	قسم بالملائكة تسل أرواح المؤمنين برفق	والناشطات	3	5652
And [by] those who glide	تیرنے پھرنے والوں کی قشم	قسم بالملائكة التي تسبح في نزولها من السماء، وصعودها إليها	والسابحات	4	5653
And those who race each other	پھر دوڑ کر آ گے بڑھنے والوں کی فتم	قسم بالملائكة التي تسبق الشياطين بالوحي إلى الأنبياء؛ لنلا تسترقه	فالسابقات	5	5654
And those who arrange	پھر کام کی تدبیر کرنے والوں کی قشم	قسم بالملائكة المنفذات أمر الله، وجواب القسم محذوف، وتقديره: لتبعثن	فالمدبرات أمرا	6	5655
The blast [of the Horn] will convulse [creation]	کا نینے والی کا نیے گی	تضطرب الأرض بالنفخة الأولى: نفخة الصعق	ترجف الراجفة	7	5656
There will follow it the subsequent [one]	اس کے بعدایک پیچھے آنے والی (پیچھے پیچھے)آئے گ	تليها نفخة أخرى للبعث	تتبعها الرادفة	8	5657

Will tremble	د هڙ کتے ہو نگ	خائفة، مضطربة	واجفة	9	5658
Humbled	نیچی ہو نگی	ذليلة من هول ما تشاهد	خاشعة	10	5659
Former state [of life]	پېلی کی سی حالت	الحالة التي كنا عليها في الأرض	الحافرة	11	5660
Decayed	پوسیده	بالية	نفرة	12	5661
A losing return	نقصان ده لوٹنا	رجعة خانبة ذات خسران	كرة خاسرة	13	5662
A shout	(خوفناک)ۋانٹ	نفخة	زجرة	14	5663
[Alert] upon the earth's surface.	میدان میں	بوجه الأرض أحياء بعد أن كانوا في بطنها	بالساهرة	15	5664
The sacred	پاک	المطهر	المقدس	16	5665
Of Tuwa	میدان طویٰ	اسم الوادي	طوی	17	5666

Purify yourself	تم در نیکی اور اصلاح چاه لو	تتطهر من الكفر، وتتحلى بالإيمان	تزكى	18	5667
And let me guide you	اور میں تجھے تیرے رب کی راہ د کھاؤں	أرشدك	وأهديك	19	5668
The greatest sign	ڔٷؽڟؽ۬	معجزة العصا، واليد البيضاء	الآية الكبرى	20	5669
Striving	دوڑد ھوپ کرتے ہوے	يجتهد في معارضة موسى - عليه السلام	يسعى	21	5670
And he gathered	پئر جح کیا	جمع أهل مملكته	فحشر	22	5671
Exemplary punishment	عذاب	عقوبة	نكال	23	5672
He raised its ceiling	اس نے اسکی بلندی اونچی کیا	أعلى سقفها	رفع سمكها	24	5673
And He darkened its night	اسکی رات کو تاریک بنایا	أظلم ليلها بغروب شمسها	وأغطش ليلها	25	5674
And extracted its brightness	اس کے دن کوروشن بنایا	أبرز نهارها بشروق شمسها	وأخرج ضحاها	26	5675

He spread her	اسے بچچادیا	بسطها، وأودع فيها منافعها	دحاها	27	5676
And its pasture	اس کاچارہ نکالا	ما يرعى من النبات	ومرعاها	28	5677
He set firmly	اس نے (پہاڑوں کومضبوط) گاڑھ دیا	أثبتها على الأرض؛ كالأوتاد	أرساها	29	5678
Overwhelming calamity	بڑیآفت(قیامت)	القيامة، وهي النفخة الثانية	الطامة	30	5679
And will be exposed	ظاہر کی جائے گی	أظهرت إظهارا بينا	وبرزت	31	5680
place/ destination	ľk <i>å</i>	المصير	الماوى	32	5681
The position of his Lord	اپنے رب کے سامنے کھڑے ہونے سے	القيام بين يدي ربه للحساب	مقام ریه	33	5682
When is its arrival	اس کے واقع ہونے کاوقت	متى وقت حلولها؟	أيان مرساها	34	5683

In what [position] are you that you should mention it?	آپ کواس کے بیان کرنے سے کیا تعلق؟	لیس عندك علمها؛ حتى تذكرها	فیم أنت من ذكراها	35	5684
An afternoon till sun set	دن کا آخری حصہ	ما بين الظهر إلى غروب الشمس	عثبية	36	5685
A morning thereof	یادن کااول حصه	ما بين طلوع الشمس إلى نصف النهار	ضحاها	37	5686

Detailed Analysis of Surah An-Nazi'aat (Ayah by Ayah) – Vocabulary Breakdown

وَالنَّازِعَاتِ غَرْقًا :Ayah 1: وَالنَّازِعَاتِ

- وَالنَّارْعَاتِ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن ز ع
 - o Masdar: نَزْعَ
 - o Singular/Plural: نَازِعَات / (singular) نَازِعَة (plural)
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَزْعُ / يَنْزِغُ
 - **Meaning:** Those who pull out violently (referring to angels extracting souls).
- غَرْقًا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): غرق
 - Masdar: غَرْقٌ
 - o **Meaning:** Drowning or sinking (adverbial usage here emphasizes intensity).

وَالنَّاشِطَاتِ نَشْطًا :Ayah 2

- وَالنَّاشِطَاتِ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن ش ط
 - o Masdar: نَشْط
 - o Singular/Plural: نَاشِطَات / (singular) نَاشِطَة (plural)
 - **Meaning:** Those who gently draw out (referring to angels extracting souls with ease).
- نَشْطًا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن ش ط
 - o Masdar: نَشْط
 - o **Meaning:** Liberation or untangling (adverbial usage here emphasizes method).

وَالسَّابِحَاتِ سَبْحًا : Ayah 3

- وَالسَّابِحَاتِ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ب ح
 - o Masdar: سَبْح
 - o Singular/Plural: سَابِحَات (singular) / سَابِحَات (plural)
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَبْحَ / يَسْبَحُ
 - o **Meaning:** Those who glide/swim (referring to angels moving swiftly).
- سَنْحًا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ب ح
 - o Masdar: سَبْح
 - o **Meaning:** Swimming or gliding (adverbial usage here emphasizes swiftness).

فَالسَّابِقَاتِ سَبْقًا : Ayah 4

- فَالسَّابِقَاتِ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ب ق
 - o Masdar: سَبْق
 - o Singular/Plural: سَابِقَات / (singular) سَابِقَة (plural)
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَبَقَ / يَسْبِقُ
 - o **Meaning:** Those who race ahead (referring to angels hastening with commands).
- سَنِقا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ب ق
 - o Masdar: سَبْق
 - o **Meaning:** Racing or precedence (adverbial usage emphasizes speed).

فَالْمُدَبِّرَاتِ أَمْرًا :Ayah 5

فَالْمُدَبِّرَاتِ •

- o Root (Mujarrad): دبر
- o Masdar: تَدْبِير
- o Singular/Plural: مُدَبِّرَات / (singular) مُدَبِّرَات (plural)
- o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): دَبَّرَ / يُدَبِّرُ
- Meaning: Those who manage affairs (referring to angels organizing divine commands).

أَمْرًا

- o Root (Mujarrad): أمر
- o Masdar: أَمْر
- o Singular/Plural: أُو امِر / (singular) أَمْر (plural) أَوْامِر /
- o **Meaning:** Command or affair.

يَوْمَ تَرْجُفُ الرَّاجِفَةُ :Ayah 6

- تَرْجُفُ
 - o **Root (Mujarrad): ن** ج ف
 - o Masdar: رَجْف
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): رَجَفَ / يَرْجُفُ
 - o **Meaning:** To tremble/shake.
- الرَّ احفَةُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): رج ف
 - Masdar: رَجْفَة
 - o Singular/Plural: رَاجِفَات / (singular) رَاجِفَات / (plural)
 - o **Meaning:** The one that trembles (a name for the Day of Judgment or a calamity).

تَتْبَعُهَا الرَّادِفَةُ :Ayah 7

- تَتْبَعُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ت ب ع
 - o Masdar: تَبَع
 - Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): تَبِعَ / يَتْبَعُ
 - o **Meaning:** To follow.
- الرَّادِفَةُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ردف
 - o Masdar: رَدْف
 - o Singular/Plural: رَادِفَات / (singular) رَادِفَة (plural)
 - o **Meaning:** The one that follows (another event after the first).

قُلُوبٌ يَوْمَئِذٍ وَاجِفَةٌ / أَبْصَارُهَا خَاشِعَةٌ .9- Ayah 8-9

قُلُوبٌ .

o Root (Mujarrad): ق ل ب

(plural) قُلُوب / (singular) قُلُب (singular) قُلُب

Meaning: Hearts.

وَاجِفَةً •

o Root (Mujarrad): و ج ف

o Masdar: وَجَف

• **Meaning:** Trembling (in fear).

أبْصَالُ •

o Root (Mujarrad): ب ص ر

o Singular/Plural: بَصَر (singular) / أَبْصَار (plural)

Meaning: Eyes/vision.

خَاشِعَةٌ .

o Root (Mujarrad): خ ش ع

o Masdar: خُشُوع

• **Meaning:** Humbled or subdued.

يَقُولُونَ أَإِنَّا لَمَرْدُودُونَ فِي الْحَافِرَةِ : Ayah 10

يَقُولُونَ •

o Root (Mujarrad): ق و ل

o Masdar: قُوْلُ

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): قَالَ / بَقُولُ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ

o **Meaning:** They say.

ُ لَمَرْدُودُونَ •

o Root (Mujarrad): ردد

o **Masdar:** رَدِّ

Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): رُدًّ / يَرُدُّ

• **Meaning:** To be returned.

الْحَافِرَةِ •

o **Root** (Mujarrad): کف ر

o Masdar: حَفْر

o Singular/Plural: حَافِرَ ات / (singular) حَافِرَة (plural)

o **Meaning:** The first state (original condition or grave).

أَإِذَا كُنَّا عِظَامًا نَخِرَةً :Ayah 11

كُنَّا .

o Root (Mujarrad): ك و ن

o Masdar: گۈن

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): كَانَ / يَكُونُ

o **Meaning:** We were.

عظامًا

o Root (Mujarrad): عظم

o Singular/Plural: عَظْمَ (singular) عِظَام (plural)

o **Meaning:** Bones.

نَخِرَةً •

o **Root** (Mujarrad): ن خ ر

o Masdar: نَخَر

o **Meaning:** Decayed or decomposed.

قَالُوا تِلْكَ إِذًا كَرَّةٌ خَاسِرَةٌ :Ayah 12

قَالُوا •

o Root (Mujarrad): ق و ل

o Masdar: قُوْل

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): قَالَ / يَقُولُ

o **Meaning:** They said.

كَرَّةً •

o Root (Mujarrad): كور ر

o Masdar: كُرُّ

o **Meaning:** Return or recurrence.

خَاسرَةً •

o Root (Mujarrad): خ س ر

Masdar: خُسْر

o **Meaning:** Losing or ruinous.

فَإِنَّمَا هِيَ زَجْرَةً وَاحِدَةً :Ayah 13

زَجْرَةً •

o Root (Mujarrad): ز ج ر

o Masdar: زُجْر

o **Meaning:** A cry or a blast (command).

وَاحِدَةً •

o Root (Mujarrad): و ح د

Masdar: وَحْدَة

o **Meaning:** One, single.

فَإِذَا هُمْ بِالسَّاهِرَةِ : Ayah 14

السَّاهِرَةِ •

- o Root (Mujarrad): س ه ر
- o **Meaning:** The surface (of the earth).

هَلْ أَتَاكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَىٰ / إِذْ نَادَاهُ رَبُّهُ بِالْوَادِ الْمُقَدَّسِ طُوًى : 16-15 Ayah 15-16

- حَديثُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ت د ث
 - o Masdar: حَدِيث
 - o **Meaning:** Story or discourse.
- مُوسنَى
 - o Proper noun (Moses).
- نَادَاهُ ۔
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن د و
 - o Masdar: نِدَاء
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَادَى / يُنَادِي
 - **Meaning:** He called him.
- الْمُقَدَّسِ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ق د س
 - o Masdar: تَقْدِيس
 - o **Meaning:** Sacred or holy.
- طُوًى
 - o Proper noun (a sacred valley).

اذْهَبْ إِلَىٰ فِرْعَوْنَ إِنَّهُ طَغَىٰ :Ayah 17

- اذْهَبْ .
 - o Root (Mujarrad): به ن
 - o Masdar: دَهَاب
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): ذَهَبَ / يَذْهَبُ
 - o **Meaning:** Go.
- فِرْعون
 - o Proper noun (Pharaoh).
- طغلی •
- o Root (Mujarrad): ط غ ي
- o Masdar: طُغْيَان
- o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَطْغَى / يَطْغَى / لَيْطُغَى اللهِ in other place of Quran it came like
- o **Meaning:** He transgressed.

فَقُلْ هَلْ لَكَ إِلَىٰ أَنْ تَزَكَّىٰ :Ayah 18

- تَزَكَّىٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): زكو
 - o **Masdar:**ترکی
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): تَزَكَّى / يَتَزَكَّى
 - **Meaning:** To purify oneself.

وَأَهْدِيَكَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ فَتَخْشَىٰ :Ayah 19

- أَهْدِيَكَ
 - o **Root (Mujarrad): ه**دي
 - Masdar: هِدَائِة
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): هَدَى / بَهْدِي
 - o **Meaning:** I guide you.
- فَتَخْشَىٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): خ ش ي
 - Masdar: خَشْيَة
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): خَشِيَ / يَخْشَى
 - o **Meaning:** To fear or be in awe.

فَأَرَاهُ الْآيَةَ الْكُبْرَىٰ :Ayah 20

- فَأْرَاهُ
 - o **Root** (Mujarrad): رأي
 - Masdar: رُؤْيَة
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): أَرَى / يُرِي
 - o **Meaning:** He showed him.
- الْآيَة .
 - o **Root (Mujarrad):** أي ي
 - o Masdar: آيَة
 - o Singular/Plural: آيَة (singular) / آيَات (plural)
 - **Meaning:** Sign or miracle.
- الكبرئ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ك ب ر
 - o Masdar: کِبَر
 - o **Meaning:** The greatest.

فَكَذَّبَ وَعَصَىٰ :Ayah 21

فَكَذَّبَ •

- o Root (Mujarrad): ك ذ ب
- Masdar: تَكْذِيبٌ
- o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): كُذَّبَ / يُكَذِّبُ
- o **Meaning:** He denied.
- وَعَصني
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ع ص ي
 - Masdar: مَعْصِية
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): عَصنى / يَعْصِني
 - o **Meaning:** He disobeyed.

ثُمَّ أَدْبَرَ يَسْعَىٰ :Ayah 22

- أَدْبَرَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): دبر
 - o Masdar: إِذْبَار
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): أَدْبَرَ / يُدْبِرُ
 - o **Meaning:** He turned away.
- يَسْعَىٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ع ي
 - o Masdar: سَعْى
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَعَى / يَسْعَى
 - **Meaning:** He strove or made an effort.

فَحَشْرَ فَنَادَىٰ :Ayah 23

- فَحَشَرَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ح ش ر
 - o Masdar: حَشْر
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): حَشْرَ / يَحْشُرُ
 - Meaning: He gathered.
- فَنَادَىٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن دو
 - o Masdar: نِدَاء
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَادَى / يُنَادِي
 - **Meaning:** He called out.

فَقَالَ أَنَا رَبُّكُمُ الْأَعْلَىٰ :Ayah 24

- رَبُّكُمُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ب ب

- o Masdar: رُبُوبِيَّة
 - **Meaning:** Your Lord or Sustainer.
- لأُعْلَى
 - o Root (Mujarrad): عل و
 - o Masdar: عُلُقَ
 - o **Meaning:** The highest.

فَأَخَذَهُ اللَّهُ نَكَالَ الْآخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَىٰ :Ayah 25

- أَخَذُهُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): غَ ذَ
 - o Masdar: أُخْذ
 - Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): غُخُذُ / يَأْخُدُ
 - o **Meaning:** He seized him.
- نَكَالَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ರ ಟ ರ
 - o Masdar: نَكَالَ
 - o **Meaning:** Punishment or deterrent.
- الْآخِرَةِ وَالْأُولَى
 - o Root (Mujarrad): أخ ر/أو ل
 - o Masdar: آخِرَة (end), أُولَى (first).
 - o **Meaning:** The Hereafter and the former life.

إِنَّ فِي ذُلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً لِمَنْ يَخْشَىٰ :Ayah 26

- عِبْرَةً
 - o **Root (Mujarrad):** ソ**ウ**を
 - o Masdar: عِبْرَة
 - Meaning: A lesson or moral.
- يَخْشَىٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): خ ش ي
 - Masdar: خَشْيَة
 - Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): خَشِيَ / يَخْشَى
 - o **Meaning:** To fear or be in awe.

أَنْتُمْ أَشَدُّ خَلْقًا أَمِ السَّمَاءُ بِنَاهَا :Ayah 27

- أَشْدُ •
- o Root (Mujarrad): ش
- Masdar: شِدَّة

o **Meaning:** Stronger or more firm.

خَلْقًا •

o Root (Mujarrad): خ ل ق

o Masdar: خَلْق

o **Meaning:** Creation.

السَّمَاءُ •

o Root (Mujarrad): س م و

o **Meaning:** Sky or heaven.

بَنَاهَا •

o Root (Mujarrad): ب ن ي

o Masdar: بِنَاء

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): بَنِّي / بَيْنِي

• **Meaning:** He constructed.

رَفَعَ سَمْكَهَا فَسَوَّاهَا :Ayah 28

رَفَعَ •

o Root (Mujarrad): رفع

Masdar: رَفْع

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): رَفَعَ / يَرْفَعُ

o **Meaning:** He raised.

سَمْكَهَا .

o Root (Mujarrad): س م ك

o Masdar: سَمْك

Meaning: Its height or structure.

فُسْنَوَّاهَا •

o Root (Mujarrad): س و ي

Masdar: تَسْوِيَة

Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَوَّى / يُستوِّي

 \circ **Meaning:** He made it uniform or leveled it.

وَأَغْطَشَ لَيْلَهَا وَأَخْرَجَ ضُحَاهَا :Ayah 29

أغْطَشَ •

o Root (Mujaṛrad): غطش

o Masdar: إِغْطَاشَ

Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): أَغْطِشُ / يُغْطِشُ

o **Meaning:** He darkened.

ضُحَاهَا •

o Root (Mujarrad): ض ح و

o Masdar: ضُدُّى

o **Meaning:** Its brightness or daylight.

وَالْأَرْضَ بَعْدَ ذُلِكَ دَحَاهَا :Ayah 30

- الْأَرْضَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): أرض
 - o singular: أَرْضٌ plural: اراضي
 - o **Meaning:** Earth.
- دَحَاهَا .
 - o Root (Mujarrad): د ح و
 - o Masdar: دَحْوَ
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَحَا / يَدْحُو دَحْو و دُحُو و دُحُو
 - o **Meaning:** He spread it out.

أَخْرَجَ مِنْهَا مَاءَهَا وَمَرْعَاهَا : Ayah 31

- أَخْرَجَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): לַ כַ דַ
 - o Masdar: إِذْرَاج
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): أُخْرَجَ / يُخْرِجُ
 - o **Meaning:** He brought forth.
- مَرْعَاهَا
 - o **Root** (Mujarrad): رع ي
 - o Masdar: مَرْعًى
 - o **Meaning:** Its pastureland or vegetation.

وَالْجِبَالَ أَرْسَاهَا :Ayah 32

- الْجِبَالَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ك ب ك ج
 - o **Singular/Plural:** جَبُل (singular) / جِبُال (plural)
 - o Meaning: Mountains.
- أرْسَاهَا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): رس و
 - o Masdar: إِرْسَاء
 - o **Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): أَرْسَى** / يُرْسِي
 - **Meaning:** He firmly fixed or anchored them.

مَتَاعًا لَكُمْ وَلِأَنْعَامِكُمْ : Ayah 33

- مَتَاعًا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): وت ع
 - o **Meaning:** A provision or enjoyment.
- لَكُمْ •
- o **Meaning:** For you.
- وَ لِأَنْعَامِكُمْ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن ع م
 - o Singular : نَعَم
 - o **Meaning:** Livestock or cattle.

فَإِذَا جَاءَتِ الطَّامَّةُ الْكُبْرَىٰ :Ayah 34

- جَاءَتِ
 - o **Root** (Mujarrad): ج ي أ
 - o Masdar: مَجِيء
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): جَاءَ / يَجِيءُ
 - o **Meaning:** It came.
- الطَّامَّةُ .
 - o Root (Mujarrad): طم م
 - Meaning: The great overwhelming calamity.
- الْكُبْرَيٰ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ك ب ر
 - o Masdar: کِبَر
 - o **Meaning:** The greatest.

يَوْمَ يَتَذَكَّرُ الْإِنْسَانُ مَا سَعَىٰ : Ayah 35

- يَتَذُكَّرُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ذك ر
 - o Masdar: تَذَكَّر
 - Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): تَذَكَّرَ / يَتَذَكَّرُ
 - o **Meaning:** He remembers.
- الْإِنسَانَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): أن س
 - ناس , اناسى أناس plural إنْسَان , bingular ناس
 - o **Meaning:** Human being.
- ستعرار
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س ع ي
 - o Masdar: سنغى
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَعَى / يَسْعَى
 - o **Meaning:** He strove or worked.

وَبُرِّزَتِ الْجَحِيمُ لِمَنْ يَرَىٰ :Ayah 36

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بُرّزَتِ •
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o Root (Mujarrad): برز

o Masdar: بَرْز

o **Verb (Maadi/Mudari'):** (passive: بُرِّزَ

o **Meaning:** It was made visible or exposed.

الْحَمِمُ .

o **Meaning:** Hellfire.

يَرَىٰ •

o **Root** (Mujarrad): ر أ ي

Masdar: رُؤْيَة

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): رَأْى / يَرَى

Meaning: He sees.

فَأَمَّا مَنْ طَغَىٰ :Ayah 37

طَغَيٰ •

o Root (Mujarrad): طغ ي

Masdar: طُغْيَان

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): طَغْی / يَطْغَی

• **Meaning:** He transgressed.

وَآثَرَ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا :Ayah 38

- آثُرَ •
- o Root (Mujarrad): اُثْر

o Masdar: إيثار

o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): آثَرَ / يُؤثِرُ

• **Meaning:** He preferred.

الْحَيَاةَ •

o **Root** (Mujarrad): ح ي ي

Masdar: حَيَاة Meaning: Life.

الدِّنيَا •

o Root (Mujarrad):دن و) أدنى -مذكر , دنيا

o Masdar: دُنُوّ

• **Meaning:** The lower or worldly life.

فَإِنَّ الْجَحِيمَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ :Ayah 39

- الْمَأْوَى
 - o Root (Mujarrad): أو ي
 - o Masdar: مَأْوًى
 - o **Meaning:** Refuge or abode.

وَأَمَّا مَنْ خَافَ مَقَامَ رَبِّهِ وَنَهَى النَّفْسَ عَنِ الْهَوَىٰ : Ayah 40

- خَافَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): خ و ف
 - o Masdar: خَوْف
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): خَافَ / يَخَافُ
 - o **Meaning:** He feared.
- مَقامَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ق و م
 - o Masdar: مَقَام
 - o **Meaning:** Standing or station.
- نَهِي
 - o **Root (Mujarrad):** ن ه ي
 - o Masdar: نَهْى
 - o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): نَهَى / يَنْهَى
 - **Meaning:** He forbade.
- الْمَهُ ي
 - o **Root (Mujarrad): و ي**
 - o Masdar: هُوًى
 - o **Meaning:** Desire or whim.

فَإِنَّ الْجَنَّةَ هِيَ الْمَأْوَىٰ :Ayah 41

- الْجَنَّةَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ون ن ن
 - o singular جَنَّة plural جنات
 - o **Meaning:** Paradise.

يَسْأَلُونَكَ عَنِ السَّاعَةِ أَيَّانَ مُرْسَاهَا :Ayah 42

- يَسْأَلُونَكَ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): س أ ل
 - Masdar: سُؤَال

- o Verb (Maadi/Mudari'): سَأَلَ / يَسْأَلُ
- o **Meaning:** They ask you.
- لسَّاعَة .
 - o **Meaning:** The Hour (Day of Judgment).
- مُرْسِنَاهَا
 - o Root (Mujarrad): رسو
 - o Masdar: إِرْسَاء
 - o **Meaning:** Its appointed time or anchor.

فِيمَ أَنْتَ مِنْ ذِكْرَاهَا :Ayah 43

- ذِكْرَاهَا
 - o **Root** (Mujarrad): ذكر
 - o Masdar: ذِكْرَى
 - **Meaning:** Its mention or remembrance.

إِلَىٰ رَبِّكَ مُنْتَهَاهَا :Ayah 44

- مُنْتَهَاهَا
 - o **Root (Mujarrad): ن** ه ي
 - Masdar: مُنْتَهَى
 - Meaning: Its ultimate return or limit.

إِنَّمَا أَنْتَ مُنْذِرُ مَنْ يَخْشَاهَا :Ayah 45

- مُنْذِرُ
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ن ذر
 - o Masdar: إِنْذَار
 - o **Meaning:** A warner.

كَأَنَّهُمْ يَوْمَ يَرَوْنَهَا لَمْ يَلْبَثُوا إِلَّا عَشِيَّةً أَوْ ضُحَاهَا :Ayah 46

- يَرَوْنَهَا
 - o **Root** (Mujarrad): رأي
 - Masdar: رُؤْيَة
 - o **Meaning:** They see it.
- عَشِيَّةً
 - o Root (Mujarrad): ع ش و

Masdar: عَشِيتَة
Meaning: Evening.

Root (Mujarrad): ض ح و ض ض ض ض ض ضند ضند ضند ضند ضند ضند من Masdar: ضند من المعامن المعا