بسم الله الرحمن الرحيم

Memorise Surah Naba vocabulary before Ramazan

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Series : from 23 January 2025 to 26 february 2025 ان شاء الله 2025 Refresh your information about juz Amma (30th Juz) before Ramazan in sha Allaah

Surah An-Naba' (78:1)

عَمَّ يَتَسَاءَلُونَ

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 غَمَّ : About what (a compound of "عن" + "ما").
 - Singular: None (not a noun).
 - Plural: None.
 - 。 يَتَسَاعَلُونَ . Are they asking one another?
 - Root: س أ ل
 - Verb Forms:
 - ا کافنی (Past): تَسَاءَلُ (He asked one another).
 - المضارع (Present): پَتَسَاءَلُ (He asks one another).
 - كسَاءُل (Verbal Noun): تَسَاءُل (Asking/questioning).

Surah An-Naba' (78:2)

عَنِ النَّبَإِ الْعَظِيمِ

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 النَّبَيا: The news.
 - Singular: النّبَأُ (News).
 - Plural: أُنْبَاء (News, reports).
 - ه الْعَظِيم: The great.
 - Singular: عظیم (Great, magnificent).

• Plural: عُظْمَاء (Great ones) or عُظْائِم (Great matters).

Surah An-Naba' (78:3)

الَّذِي هُمْ فِيهِ مُخْتَلِفُونَ

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 الَّذِي: Which/that (Relative pronoun).
 - Singular: الَّذِي (Masculine).
 - Plural: الَّذِينَ (Masculine, plural).
 - مُخْتَلِفُونَ : Differing/disagreeing.
 - Root: خ ل ف
 - Verb Forms:
 - اخْتَلَفَ (Past): اخْتَلَف (He differed).
 - الله (Present): يَخْتَلِفُ (He differs).
 - اخْتِلَاف :(Verbal Noun)) مصدر (Difference/disagreement).

Surah An-Naba' (78:4)

كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ

- Vocabulary:
 - o سَيَعْلَمُونَ: They will soon know.
 - ع له : Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - عَلِمَ (Past): عَلِمَ (He knew).
 - (Present): يَعْلَمُ (He knows).
 - عِلْم (Knowledge) عِلْم (Knowledge)

Surah An-Naba' (78:5)

ثُمَّ كَلَّا سنيغْلَمُونَ

• Repetition of Ayah 4. Analysis remains the same.

Surah An-Naba' (78:6)

أَلَمْ نَجْعَلِ الْأَرْضَ مِهَادًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 نَجْعَل: Have We not made.
 - Root: Jeき
 - Verb Forms:
 - (He made). جَعَلَ (Past): ماضِي
 - المضارع (Present): يُجْعَلُ (He makes).
 - مصدر (Verbal Noun): جَعْل (Making).
 - الْأَرْضَ : The earth.
 - Singular: الْأَرْضُ (Earth).
 - Plural: أرَاضِي (Lands, grounds).
 - ه الله A resting place.
 - (Resting place).

Surah An-Naba' (78:7)

وَالْجِبَالَ أَوْتَادًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - ه الْجِبَال: The mountains.
 - Singular: جَبُل (Mountain).
 - Plural: جِبَال (Mountains).
 - 。 أَوْتَادًا Pegs/stakes.
 - Singular: وَتُد (Peg/stake).
 - Plural: أَوْتَاد (Pegs/stakes).

Surah An-Naba' (78:8)

وَخَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 خَلَقْنَاكُمْ: We created you.
 - Root: خ ل ق
 - Verb Forms:
 - كَلَقَ (He created).
 - ا يَخْلُقُ (Present) يَخْلُقُ (He creates).
 - كُلُق (Creation): خَلُق (Creation)
 - 。 أَزْوَاجًا : Pairs.
 - Singular: زَوْج (Pair).
 - Plural: أزْوَاج (Pairs).

Surah An-Naba' (78:9)

وَجَعَلْنَا نَوْمَكُمْ سُبَاتًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 جَعَلْنَا We made.
 - Root: Jeき
 - Verb Forms:
 - جعَلَ (Past): جَعَلَ (He made).
 - المضارع (Present): يَجْعَلُ (He makes).
 - مصدر (Verbal Noun): جَعْل (Making).
 - o نَوْمَكُمْ: Your sleep.
 - نؤم (Sleep).
 - . A rest: سُبُاتًا
 - سُبَات (Rest, cessation).

Surah An-Naba' (78:10)

وَجَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ لِبَاسًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - ه اللَّيْلَ: The night.
 - Singular: اللَّيْل (Night).
 - Plural: لَيَالِي (Nights).
 - ه الباسيًا: A covering.
 - Singular: لِبَاسِ (Garment, covering).
 - Plural: أَلْبِسَة (Garments).

Surah An-Naba' (78:11)

وَجَعَلْنَا النَّهَارَ مَعَاشًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 النَّهَارَ: The day.
 - النَّهَار (Day).
 - ه انگاشیا A livelihood.
 - Singular: مَعَاش (Livelihood, sustenance).

Surah An-Naba' (78:12)

وَبَنَيْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعًا شِدَادًا

- Vocabulary:
 - َ بَنَيْنَا: We constructed/built.
 - Root: بن ي
 - Verb Forms:
 - بنّى (Past): بنّى (He built).
 - بيْنِي (He builds). يَبْنِي (He builds).
 - بنَّاء (Construction). بِنَّاء (Construction).

- o سَبْعًا: Seven.
- 。 شِدَادًا : Strong ones.
 - Singular: شَدِيد (Strong).
 - Plural: شِدَاد (Strong ones).

Surah An-Naba' (78:13)

وَجَعَلْنَا سِرَاجًا وَهَاجًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 سِرَاجًا A lamp.
 - Singular: سِرَاج (Lamp).
 - Plural: سُرُج (Lamps).
 - 。 وَهَاجًا: Burning brightly.
 - العناج (Bright, blazing).

Surah An-Naba' (78:14)

وَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ الْمُعْصِرَاتِ مَاءً تَجَّاجًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 أَنْزَلْنَا : We sent down.
 - ・ Root: じじ
 - Verb Forms:
 - انزَلَ (He descended).
 - النُوْلُ (Present): يُنْوِلُ (He descends).
 - کُرُول (Verbal Noun)؛ نُزُول (Descent).
 - 。 الْمُعْصرَاتِ: Rain clouds.
 - Singular: مُعْصِرَة (Rain cloud).
 - Plural: مُعْصِرَات (Rain clouds).
 - مَاءً : Water.
 - Singular: ماء (Water).

- Plural: مِيَاه (Waters).
- o تُجَّاجًا : Pouring abundantly.
 - (Pouring) ثُجَّاج •

Surah An-Naba' (78:15)

لِنُخْرِجَ بِهِ حَبًّا وَنَبَاتًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 نُفْرِجَ : That We may bring forth.
 - Root: さょさ
 - Verb Forms:
 - ا خرج: (Past) ماضي (He came out).
 - (Present)؛ يُخْرِجُ (He comes out).
 - اخراج :(Emerging)) اخراج (Verbal Noun)
 - 。 خَبًا: Grain.
 - Singular: حَبّ (Grain, seed).
 - Plural: خُبُوب (Grains, seeds).
 - o نَبَاتًا Vegetation.
 - Singular: نَبات (Plant/vegetation).
 - Plural: نَبَاتَات (Plants/vegetations).

Surah An-Naba' (78:16)

وَجَنَّاتٍ أَلْفَافًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 جَنَّاتٍ: Gardens.
 - Singular: جَنَّة (Garden).
 - Plural: جَنَّات (Gardens).
 - يَّا لَقُافًا لَٰ Luxuriant.
 - Singular: نِفّ (Thick cluster).

• Plural: أَلْفَاف (Clusters).

Surah An-Naba' (78:17)

إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصلِ كَانَ مِيقَاتًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 يَوْمَ Day.
 - Singular: يَوْمِ (Day).
 - Plural: أَيُّام (Days).
 - 。 الْفَصْلُ : The Decision/Separation.
 - Singular: فَصْلُ (Decision, judgment)
 - Plural: فُصُول (Divisions, judgments).
 - 。 مِيقَاتًا Appointed time.
 - Singular: مِيقَات (Appointment).
 - Plural: مَوَاقِيت (Appointments, timings).

Surah An-Naba' (78:18)

يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ فَتَأْتُونَ أَفْوَاجًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 يُنْفُخُ : It will be blown.
 - ن ف خ :Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - . (Past): نَفَخَ (He blew).
 - ا يَنْفُخُ (Present)؛ يَنْفُخُ (He blows).
 - ا نَفْخ :(Blowing) نَفْخ (Blowing) مصدر
 - o الصُّور: The trumpet.
 - . (Trumpet) صُور ِ
 - تَّ أَتُونَ : Then you will come.
 - ا ت ی :Root

- Verb Forms:
 - . (Past): أَتَى (He came).
 - ا بَأْتِي (He comes) يَأْتِي (He comes).
 - اِثْيَان (Coming) إِثْيَان (Coming) مصدر
- ه :In groups أَفْوَاجًا :
 - Singular: فَوْج (Group).
 - Plural: أَفْوَاج (Groups).

Surah An-Naba' (78:19)

وَقُتِحَتِ السَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتْ أَبْوَابًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 فُتِحَتْ : It was opened.
 - Root: ف ت ح
 - Verb Forms:
 - (Past): فَتَحَ (He opened).
 - (Present): يَفْتَحُ (He opens).
 - کثّے (Opening) فثّے (Opening) مصدر
 - ه السَّمَاءُ: The sky/heaven.
 - Singular: سَمَاء (Sky).
 - Plural: سَمَاوَات (Heavens/skies).
 - ه أَبْوَابًا: As gates.
 - Singular: باب (Gate, door).
 - Plural: أَبْوَاب (Gates, doors).

Surah An-Naba' (78:20)

وَسنيرَتِ الْجبالُ فَكانتُ سنرابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - سىر يسىر تسىيرا. Were set in motion :سئيرَتْ ه

- Root: س ي ر
- Verb Forms:
 - . (He moved) سَارَ (Past) ماضِي (He moved).
 - کسیر (Present): پسیر (He moves).
 - سَيْر (Movement). سَيْر (Movement).
- o الْجِبَالُ: The mountains.
 - Singular: جَبَل (Mountain).
 - Plural: جِبَال (Mountains).
- سترابًا . A mirage.
 - سراب (Mirage).

Surah An-Naba' (78:21)

إِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - جَهَنَّمَ : Hell.
 - جَهَنَّم
 Hell).
 - 。 مِرْصَادًا: An ambush.
 - (Ambush) مِرْصناد).

Surah An-Naba' (78:22)

لِلْطَّاغِينَ مَآبًا

- Vocabulary:
 - ه اَلطَّاغِينَ: The transgressors.
 - Singular: كُنْخ (Transgressor).
 - Plural: طَاغِينَ (Transgressors).
 - o مَآبًا: A place of return.
 - المَآب (Place of return).

Surah An-Naba' (78:23)

لَابِثِينَ فِيهَا أَحْقَابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - o لَابِثِينَ: Staying.
 - Singular: لَابِثُ (One who stays).
 - Plural: لَابِثِينَ (Those who stay).
 - o أَحْقَابًا: For ages.
 - Singular: حُقْب (Age, long period).
 - Plural: أَحْقَاب (Ages).

Surah An-Naba' (78:24)

لَا يَذُوقُونَ فِيهَا بَرْدًا وَلَا شَرَابًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 يَذُوقُونَ They will not taste.
 - Root: دُوق
 - Verb Forms:
 - . (He tasted) ذَاقَ (Past) ماضِي (He tasted).
 - ا يَذُونُ (Present) يَذُونُ (He tastes).
 - ا (Tasting). ذُوْق (Verbal Noun) مصدر (Tasting).
 - 。 بَرْدًا: Coolness.
 - بُرْد (Coolness).
 - . Drink: شَرَابًا:
 - Singular: شَرَاب (Drink).
 - Plural: أَشْرِبَة (Drinks).

Surah An-Naba' (78:25)

إِلَّا حَمِيمًا وَغُسَّاقًا

Vocabulary:

- کمیمًا Scalding water.
 - حَمِيم (Boiling water).
- َ Purulence: غُستَاقًا:
 - نَستَاق (Foul fluid).

Surah An-Naba' (78:26)

جَزَاءً وِفَاقًا

Vocabulary:

- 。 جَزَاءً Recompense.
 - جَزَاء (Reward or punishment).
- 。 وفَاقًا : In proportion.
 - وفَاق (Agreement/proportion). equally

Surah An-Naba' (78:27)

إِنَّهُمْ كَاثُوا لَا يَرْجُونَ حِسَابًا

· Vocabulary:

- اِنَّهُمْ : Indeed, they.
 - هُمْ: They (plural pronoun).
- o کانوا: They used to be.
 - ك و ن :Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - كَانَ (He was). كَانَ (He was).
 - (Present): يَكُونُ (He is).
 - . كُوْن (Verbal Noun): كُوْن (Being).
- 。 کَلا یَرْجُونَ: They do not expect.
 - Root: 9 こ ノ
 - Verb Forms:

- . (He hoped) رَجًا (Past): ماضِي (He hoped).
- (Present): يَرْجُو (He hopes).
- رَجَاء (Verbal Noun): رَجَاء (Hope).
- ه خستابًا: A reckoning/account.
 - Singular: جِسَاب (Account, reckoning).
 - Plural: جِسَابَات (Accounts).

Surah An-Naba' (78:28)

وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا كِذَّابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - o كَذُبُوا: They denied.
 - Root: كذب
 - Verb Forms:
 - الضي (Past): كَذَّب (He denied).
 - الكِذِّبُ (Present) يُكَذِّبُ (He denies).
 - تکذیب (Verbal Noun): تکذیب (Denial).
 - بآیاتنا : In Our signs.
 - Singular: آیهٔ (Sign).
 - Plural: آيات (Signs).
 - کڏابًا: Utter denial.
 - کِذَاب (Denial, falsification).

Surah An-Naba' (78:29)

وَكُلَّ شَنَّءٍ أَحْصَيْنَاهُ كِتَابًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 گُلُّ: Every/all.
 - کُلّ (All, every).
 - . Thing: شَنَيْءِ Thing

- Singular: شَيْء (Thing).
- Plural: أَشْيَاء (Things).
- ه أَحْصَيْنَاهُ: We have enumerated it.
 - Root: ح ص ي
 - Verb Forms:
 - (He enumerated) أَحْصَى (Past) ماضِي
 - المضارع (Present): پُحْصِي (He enumerates).
 - المصدر (Verbal Noun): إحْصناء (Enumeration).
- o كِتَابًا: In a record.
 - Singular: کِتَاب (Book/record).
 - Plural: کُثُب (Books).

Surah An-Naba' (78:30)

فَذُوقُوا فَلَنْ نَزِيدَكُمْ إِلَّا عَذَابًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - . So taste! فَذُوقُوا ،
 - ن وق: Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - . (He tasted) ذَاقَ (Past) ماضِي (He tasted).
 - ا كُونُ (Present): يَذُونُ (He tastes).
 - كُوْق (Tasting): نُوْق (Tasting).
 - 。 نَزِيدَكُمْ: We will not increase you.
 - د ي د :Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - (Past): زَادَ (He increased).
 - ایزیدُ (Present) یزیدُ (He increases).
 - ريادة (Verbal Noun): زيادة (Increase).
 - 。 عَذَابًا Punishment.
 - (Punishment).

Surah An-Naba' (78:31)

إِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ مَفَارًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 لِلْمُتَّقِينَ For the righteous.
 - Singular: مُتَّقِي (One who fears Allah).
 - Plural: مُتَّقِينَ (Righteous ones).
 - ه نفازًا: A success.
 - مَفَاز (Success).

Surah An-Naba' (78:32)

حَدَائِقَ وَأَعْنَابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - خَدَائِقَ : Gardens.
 - Singular: حَدِيقَة (Garden).
 - Plural: حَدَائِق (Gardens).
 - ه أغْنَابًا: Grapevines.
 - Singular: عِنْب (Grape).
 - Plural: أَعْنَاب (Grapes).

Surah An-Naba' (78:33)

وَكُوَاعِبَ أَثْرَابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 كَوَاعِبَ: Full-breasted companions.
 - Singular: گاعِبَة (Companion, specifically referring to beauty).
 - Plural: كَوَاعِب (Beautiful companions).
 - 。 أَثْرَابًا : Of equal age.

- Singular: نِرْب (One of equal age).
- Plural: أَثْرَاب (Ones of equal age).

Surah An-Naba' (78:34)

وكأساً دِهَاقًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 كَأْسًا : À cup.
 - Singular: كَأْس (Cup).
 - Plural: كُؤُوس (Cups).
 - 。 إلا Filled to the brim.
 - Overflowing). دِهَاق

Surah An-Naba' (78:35)

لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا وَلَا كِذَّابًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - 。 يَسْمُعُونَ : They will not hear.
 - Root: س م ع
 - Verb Forms:
 - سَمِعَ (Past): سَمِعَ (He heard).
 - ا يَسْمَعُ (Present): مضارع (He hears).
 - سماع.(Hearing) سَمَاع (Verbal Noun) مصدر
 - ، Vain talk: كَغُوَّا :
 - (Idle speech) لَغُو .
 - 。 کڏابًا: Falsehood.
 - كِذَّاب (Lie).

Surah An-Naba' (78:36)

جَزَاءً مِنْ رَبِّكَ عَطَاءً حِسَابًا

· Vocabulary:

- 。 جَزَاءً Recompense.
 - جَزَاء (Reward, punishment).
- 。 کَبُّكَ: Your Lord.
 - Singular: رَبّ (Lord).
 - Plural: أَرْبَاب (Lords, masters).
- ه : A gift عظاءً
 - عَطَاء (Giving, gift).
- o حسنابًا Sufficient.
 - Singular: جِسَاب (Account).
 - Plural: جسابات (Accounts).

Surah An-Naba' (78:37)

رَبِّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا الرَّحْمَٰنِ لَا يَمْلِكُونَ مِنْهُ خِطَابًا

· Vocabulary:

- o زَبِّ: Lord.
 - Singular: رُبْ (Lord).
 - Plural: أرْبَاب (Lords).
- . The heavens: السَّمَاوَاتِ
 - Singular: سَمَاء (Sky, heaven).
 - Plural: سَمَاوَات (Heavens/skies).
- 。 الأَرْض: The earth.
 - Singular: أَرْض (Earth).
 - Plural: أَرَاضِي (Lands).
- مَا بَيْنَهُمَا: What is between them.
 - نَیْنُ: Between.
- 。 الرَّحْمَٰن: The Most Merciful.
 - (Merciful One) الرَّحْمَٰن
- o يَمْلِكُونَ: They possess.
 - Root: كم ل ك

- Verb Forms:
 - (Past): مَلُكَ (He possessed).
 - ا يَمْلِكُ (Present) مضارع (He possesses).
 - مصدر (Verbal Noun): مِلْك (Possession).
- 。 خِطَابًا Speech.
 - Singular: خِطَاب (Speech, address).
 - Plural: خِطَابَات (Speeches).

Surah An-Naba' (78:38)

يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الرُّوحُ وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ صَفًّا لَا يَتَكَلَّمُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمَٰنُ وَقَالَ صَوَابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 يَقُومُ Will stand.
 - Root: ق و م
 - Verb Forms:
 - . (He stood) قَامَ (Past) ماضِي (He stood).
 - ا كَتُومُ (Present) يَقُومُ (He stands).
 - کیام: (Standing)) فِیَام: (Standing)
 - 。 الرُّوحُ : The Spirit.(jibreel alaihissalam)
 - کوح (Spirit).
 - ه . The angels : الْمَلَائِكَةُ
 - Singular: مَلْك (Angel).
 - Plural: مَلَائِكَة (Angels).
 - صَفًا : In rows.
 - Singular: صنف (Row).
 - Plural: صُفُوف (Rows).
 - 。 يَتَكَلَّمُونَ: They will not speak.
 - Root: ك ل م
 - Verb Forms:
 - (Past): تَكُلُّمَ (He spoke).
 - ا بَتَكَلَّمُ (Present) مضارع (He speaks).
 - مصدر (Speaking): تَكُلُّم (Speaking).
 - صَوَابًا : Correctly.

• (Correctness).

Surah An-Naba' (78:39)

ذَٰلِكَ الْيَوْمُ الْحَقُّ فَمَنْ شَاءَ اتَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ مَآبًا

- · Vocabulary:
 - ه الْيَوْمُ: The day.
 - Singular: يَوْمِ (Day).
 - Plural: أيَّام (Days).
 - . The truth: الْحَقُّ
 - Singular: حَقّ (Truth).
 - Truths/rights) حُقُوق :Plural
 - ه : He took.
 - ۱ ج ن Root:
 - Verb Forms:
 - (Past): اتَّخَذَ (He took).
 - ا يَتَّخِذُ (Present): مَضَارَعَ (He takes).
 - اتِّخَاذ (Taking). اتِّخَاذ (Taking).
 - o مَآبًا: A place of return.
 - (Return).

Surah An-Naba' (78:40)

إِنَّا أَنْذَرْنَاكُمْ عَذَابًا قَرِيبًا يَوْمَ يَنْظُرُ الْمَرْءُ مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ وَيَقُولُ الْكَافِرُ يَا لَيْتَنِي كُنْتُ تُرَابًا

- Vocabulary:
 - 。 أَنْذُرْنَاكُمْ: We have warned you.
 - Root: ن ذر
 - Verb Forms:
 - الْذَرَ (Past): أَنْذَرَ (He warned).
 - النُذِرُ (He warns) يُنْذِرُ (He warns).

- اِنْذَار: (Warning) إِنْذَار: (Warning)
- َ عَذَابًا: Punishment.
 - Singular: عَذَاب (Punishment).
 - Plural: أَعْذِبَة (Punishments).
- 。 قريبًا Near.
 - Singular: قَرِيب (Near).
 - Plural: قَرِيبُون (Close ones, context-specific).
- 。 يَنْظُرُ: He looks.
 - ن ظر :Root
 - Verb Forms:
 - (Past): نَظْرَ (He looked).
 - (Present) يَنْظُرُ (He looks).
 - نظر (Verbal Noun): نظر (Looking).
- 。 الْمَرْءُ: The human.
 - (Person). مَرْء
- 。 قَدَّمَتْ: Has sent forth. (deeds)
 - Root: ق د م
 - Verb Forms:
 - افّد (Past): فَدَّم (He sent forth).
 - كِقَدِّمُ (Present) يُقَدِّمُ (He sends forth).
 - کشیم: (Sending forth)) تَقْدِیم (Verbal Noun) مصدر
- 。 الْكَافِلُ: The disbeliever.
 - Singular: كَافِر (Disbeliever).
 - Plural: كُفَّار (Disbelievers).
- 。 تُرَابًا Dust.
 - Singular: تُرَاب (Dust).
 - Plural: أَثْرِبَة (Particles of dust).

Translation and one line Explanation

using the Sahih International translation of the Quran. Each ayat will be explained in a simple way to make its meaning clear and relatable.

Ayaat 1–5: The Question of the Day of Judgment

عَمَّ يَتَسَاءَلُونَ 1.

Translation: About what are they asking one another?

Explanation: This rhetorical question sets the tone for the Surah, highlighting the disbelievers' questioning and curiosity regarding the Day of Judgment.

عَن النَّبَإِ الْعَظِيمِ 2.

Translation: About the great news.

Explanation: Refers to the news of resurrection and judgment, which is both significant and startling to the disbelievers.

الَّذِي هُمْ فِيهِ مُخْتَلِفُونَ . 3

Translation: That over which they are in disagreement.

Explanation: The disbelievers debated and doubted the occurrence of the Day of Judgment, reflecting their lack of faith and understanding.

كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ 4.

Translation: No! They are going to know.

Explanation: A stern warning that they will soon experience the reality of resurrection and judgment.

ثُمَّ كَلَّا سَيَعْلَمُونَ 5.

Translation: Then, no! They are going to know.

Explanation: Repetition emphasizes the inevitability of the Day of

Judgment and serves as a strong reminder.

Ayaat 6-16: Signs of Allah's Power in Creation

أَلَمْ نَجْعَل الْأَرْضَ مِهَادًا .6

Translation: Have We not made the earth a resting place?

Explanation: The earth is described as a stable, life-sustaining platform, a sign of Allah's mercy and planning.

وَالْجِبَالَ أَوْتَادًا 7.

Translation: And the mountains as stakes?

Explanation: Mountains are likened to stakes that anchor the earth, reflecting Allah's wisdom in creating stability.

وَخَلَقْنَاكُمْ أَزْوَاجًا .8

Translation: And We created you in pairs.

Explanation: The creation of humans as male and female demonstrates balance and harmony in Allah's design.

وَجَعَلْنَا نَوْمَكُمْ سُبَاتًا . 9

Translation: And made your sleep [a means for] rest.

Explanation: Sleep is portrayed as a divine blessing for renewal and restoration.

وَجَعَلْنَا اللَّيْلَ لِبَاسِنًا 10.

Translation: And made the night as clothing.

Explanation: Night envelops the world in darkness, akin to clothing, offering peace and rest.

وَجَعَلْنَا النَّهَارَ مَعَاشًا 11.

Translation: And made the day for livelihood.

Explanation: The day is designated for activity, productivity, and sustenance.

وَبَنَيْنَا فَوْقَكُمْ سَبْعًا شِدَادًا 12.

Translation: And constructed above you seven strong [heavens].

Explanation: Refers to the seven heavens, showcasing Allah's immense power and meticulous design.

وَجَعَلْنَا سِرَاجًا وَهَّاجًا 13.

Translation: And made [therein] a burning lamp.

Explanation: Refers to the sun, which is vital for life, providing heat and light.

وَأَنْزَلْنَا مِنَ الْمُعْصِرَاتِ مَاءً تَجَّاجًا 14.

Translation: And sent down, from the rain clouds, pouring water. **Explanation**: Rain is a sign of Allah's mercy, nourishing the earth with abundance.

لِنُخْرِجَ بِهِ حَبًّا وَنَبَاتًا 15.

Translation: That We may bring forth thereby grain and vegetation.

Explanation: Rain leads to the growth of grains and vegetation, essential for human and animal sustenance.

وَجَنَّاتٍ أَنْفَافًا 16.

Translation: And gardens of entwined growth.

Explanation: Lush gardens symbolize Allah's ability to create beauty and abundance.

Ayaat 17–30: The Day of Judgment

إِنَّ يَوْمَ الْفَصْلِ كَانَ مِيقَاتًا 17.

Translation: Indeed, the Day of Judgment is an appointed time.

Explanation: Refers to the fixed and certain timing of the Day of Judgment.

يَوْمَ يُنْفَخُ فِي الصُّورِ فَتَأْتُونَ أَفْوَاجًا ﴿ 18.

Translation: The Day the Horn is blown, and you will come forth in multitudes.

Explanation: Describes the resurrection when all creation will gather at Allah's command.

وَقُتِحَتِ السَّمَاءُ فَكَانَتْ أَبْوَابًا 19. 19.

Translation: And the heaven is opened and will become gateways.

Explanation: The heavens will open, signifying the end of the worldly order.

وَسُنِيْرَتِ الْجِبَالُ فَكَانَتْ سَرَابًا 20.

Translation: And the mountains are removed and will be [but] a mirage.

Explanation: The firm mountains will vanish, reflecting the temporary nature of the physical world.

إِنَّ جَهَنَّمَ كَانَتْ مِرْصَادًا مَا عَلَى 21.

Translation: Indeed, Hell has been lying in wait.

Explanation: Hell is described as an ambush for those who disobey Allah.

لِلْطَّاغِينَ مَآبًا 22.

Translation: For the transgressors, a place of return.

Explanation: The disobedient will find Hell as their final abode.

لَابِثِينَ فِيهَا أَحْقَابًا 23.

Translation: They will remain therein for ages.

Explanation: Refers to the eternal nature of the punishment in Hell.

لَا يَدُوقُونَ فِيهَا بَرْدًا وَلَا شَرَابًا 24.

Translation: They will not taste therein [any] coolness or drink.

Explanation: Highlights the severity of the punishment, devoid of any relief.

إِلَّا حَمِيمًا وَغَسَّاقًا 25.

Translation: Except scalding water and [foul] purulence.

Explanation: The only drink offered will add to their torment.

جَزَاءً وِفَاقًا 26.

Translation: An appropriate recompense.

Explanation: Their punishment matches their deeds.

إِنَّهُمْ كَانُوا لَا يَرْجُونَ حِسَابًا مُ 27.

Translation: Indeed, they were not expecting an account.

Explanation: Refers to their rejection of accountability in the afterlife.

وَكَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا كِذَّابًا 28.

Translation: And denied Our ayaat with [emphatic] denial.

Explanation: They repeatedly rejected Allah's signs.

وَكُلَّ شَنِيْءٍ أَحْصَيْنَاهُ كِتَابًا 29.

Translation: But all things We have enumerated in writing.

Explanation: Every deed is recorded, leaving no room for denial.

فَذُوقُوا فَلَنْ نَزيدَكُمْ إِلَّا عَذَابًا 30.

Translation: So taste [the punishment], and never will We increase you except in torment.

Explanation: Their torment will only intensify, emphasizing the gravity of their actions.

Ayaat 31–40: Rewards for the Righteous

Surah An-Naba (31-40)

Ayat 31

Arabic:

إِنَّ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ مَفَازًا

Translation (Sahih International):

Indeed, for the righteous is attainment –

Explanation:

The righteous will achieve ultimate success and happiness in the Hereafter.

Ayat 32

Arabic:

حَدَائِقَ وَأَعْنَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

Gardens and grapevines

Explanation:

The blessings of Paradise include lush gardens and abundant fruit.

Ayat 33

Arabic:

وَكُوَاعِبَ أَثْرَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

And full-breasted [companions] of equal age

Explanation:

Companions of equal age, perfect in their qualities, are prepared for the righteous in Paradise.

Ayat 34

Arabic:

وَكَأْسًا دِهَاقًا

Translation (Sahih International):

And a full cup [of wine].

Explanation:

A pure and delightful drink is offered in Paradise, free from intoxication.

Ayat 35

Arabic:

لَا يَسْمَعُونَ فِيهَا لَغْوًا وَلَا كِذَّابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

No ill speech will they hear therein or any falsehood –

Explanation:

The atmosphere of Paradise is free from negativity, falsehood, or harmful talk.

Ayat 36

Arabic:

جَزَاءً مِّن رَّبِّكَ عَطَاءً حِسَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

[As] reward from your Lord, [a generous] gift [made due by] account, **Explanation:**

These blessings are a generous reward from Allah for the deeds of the righteous.

Ayat 37

Arabic:

رَّبِّ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَمَا بَيْنَهُمَا الرَّحْمَٰنِ لَا يَمْلِكُونَ مِنْهُ خِطَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

[From] the Lord of the heavens and the earth and whatever is between them, the Most Merciful. They possess not from Him [authority for] speech.

Explanation:

None will dare to speak in Allah's presence except with His permission on the Day of Judgment.

Ayat 38

Arabic:

يَوْمَ يَقُومُ الرُّوحُ وَالْمَلَائِكَةُ صَفًّا لَا يَتَكَلَّمُونَ إِلَّا مَنْ أَذِنَ لَهُ الرَّحْمَٰنُ وَقَالَ صَوَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

The Day that the Spirit and the angels will stand in rows, they will not speak except for one whom the Most Merciful permits, and he will say what is correct.

Explanation:

On the Day of Judgment, even the angels and Jibreel (the Spirit) will remain silent, speaking only with Allah's permission.

Ayat 39

Arabic:

ذَٰلِكَ الْيَوْمُ الْحَقُّ فَمَن شَاءَ اتَّخَذَ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ مَآبًا

Translation (Sahih International):

That is the True Day; so he who wills may take to his Lord a [way of] return.

Explanation:

The Day of Judgment is inevitable, and individuals must prepare by turning to Allah.

Ayat 40

Arabic:

إِنَّا أَنذَرْ نَاكُمْ عَذَابًا قَرِيبًا يَوْمَ يَنظُرُ الْمَرْءُ مَا قَدَّمَتْ يَدَاهُ وَيَقُولُ الْكَافِرُ يَا لَيْتَنِي كُنتُ ثُرَابًا

Translation (Sahih International):

Indeed, We have warned you of a near punishment on the Day when a man will observe what his hands have put forth, and the disbeliever will say, "Oh, I wish that I were dust!"

Explanation:

The warning of punishment is given, and the regret of disbelievers will be intense on the Day of Judgment.

These ayats contrast the rewards for the righteous and the dire consequences for the disbelievers, emphasizing accountability and preparation for the Hereafter.

Summary

Surah An-Naba combines vivid imagery and profound reminders about the creation, the certainty of resurrection, and the contrasting fates of the the ghteousn.

At the ghteousn.

At the ghteousn. righteous and the transgressors. It emphasizes preparation for the

ترتيبها 78 سورة النبأ آياتها 40 مكية					
الآية الكلمة معناها					
انگریزی میں معنی	اردو میں معنی	عربی میں معنی	قرآنی الفاظ	شار	
TRANSLATION IN ENGLISH	TRANSLATION IN URDU	TRANSLATION IN ARABIC	QURANIC WORDS	NUMBERS	
About what	کس کے بارے	عن أي شيء	عم	1	5611
The great news	بڑی خجر	الخبر العظيم؛ وهو القرآن الذي فيه خبر البعث	النبإ العظيم	2	5612
			73		
A resting place	فرش بنانا	ممهدة كالفراش	مهادا	3	5613
As stakes	ميخين بنانا	تثبت الأرض	أوتادا	4	5614
		coll.			
		05.			
In pairs	جوڑا جوڑا (پیداکرنا)	أصنافا: ذكورا وإناثا	أزواجا	5	5615
[a means for] rest	آرام کاسبِ بنانا	راحة لأبدانكم، وقطعا لأعمالكم	سبباتا	6	5616
	9/2.				
As clothing	پردویانا	ساترا لكم بظلمته؛ كاللباس	لياسا	7	5617
For livelihood	روزگارینانا	تحصلون فيه ما تعيشون به	معاشا	8	5618

	1		,		1
A burning lamp	چکتاهوااورروشن چراغ (سورج)	مصباحا وقادا، مضيئا	سراجا وهاجا	9	5619
The rain clouds	بدلیوں	السحب الممطرة.	المعصرات	10	5620
				20	
				(0)	
Pauring abundantly	بكثرت بهتا موايانى	منصبا بكثرة.	لجاجا	11	5621
And gardens of entwined (twisted) growth.	گفتے باغ	بساتين ملتفة أشجارها	وجنات ألفافا	12	5622
			SKI,		
			0.		
An appointed time	وقت مقرر	وقتا، وميعادا للفصل بين الخلق	ميقاتا	13	5623
The Horn	صور(پھو نکا جائےگا)	القرن الذي ينفخ فيه إسرافيل - عليه السلام	الصور	14	5624
	Õ				
Gateways	دروازے دروازے ہو جانا	ذات أبواب كثيرة؛ لنزول الملانكة	أبوابا	15	5625
And are moved	چلا یاجاے گا	نسفت بعد ثبوتها	وسيرت	16	5626
30.					
A mirage	سراب ہونا	كالسراب الذي لا حقيقة له	سرايا	17	5627
lying in wait	گھات میں ہو نا	ترصد أهلها، وترقبهم	مرصادا	18	5628

	li .				
Ages [unending]	مد تیں	دهورا لا تنقطع	أحقابا	19	5629
Coolness	ختگی کامز ه	ما يبرد حر النار على أجسادهم	پردا	20	5630
			13		
			200		
Scalding (boiling) water	گرم پانی	ماء حارا بالغا نهاية الحرارة	لميم	21	5631
And [foul] purulence	چيپ	صديد أهل النار	وغساقا	22	5632
		50			
An appropriate	بورا پورابد لدملنا	عادلا، موافقا لأعمالهم	وفاقا	23	5633
they were not expecting	توقع نہیں کرتے ہیں	لا يخافون	لا يرجون	24	5634
	2%				
70//					
We have enumerated it	ہم نے اس کو شار کیا	حفظناه، وضبطناه مكتوبا في اللوح المحفوظ	أحصيناه	25	5635
Attainment	كامياني	فوزا بدخولهم الجنة، أو مكانا يفوزون به؛ وهو الجنة	مقازا	26	5636

Gardens	باغات	بساتين عظيمة قد أحدقت بها الأشجار	حدائق	27	5637
Splendid companions/ full- breasted	نوجوان کنوار ی	حديثات السن، نواهد	وكواعب	28	5638
			99.0		
Of equal age	ېم عمر عورتيں	مستويات في سن واحدة	أترابا	29	5639
Full	. چھکتے ہوئے	مملوءة خمرا	دهاقا	30	5640
		0			
		0,			
Any vain talk	ייאבנס	باطلا من القول	لغوا	31	5641
[made due by] account,	بدلہ	كثيرا، كافيا لهم	حسابا	32	5642
	(8)				
	2)),				
Speech	بات پت	كلاما، وسؤالا إلا بإذنه	خطابا	33	5643
The Spirit	روح (جريل عليه السلام)	جبريل ـ عليه السلام	الروح	34	5644

					d and a second
In rows	صفیں ہاندھ کر	مصطفين	صفا	35	5645
They will not speak	کوئی کلام نہ کر سکے گا	لا يشفعون	لا يتكلمون	36	5646
				20	
Correct	شیک بات	حقا، وسدادا	صوابا	37	5647
TRUE	ÿ	الذي لا ريب في وقوعه	الحق	38	5648
			280		
			CKI		
A [way of] return	شكانا	مرجعا بالعمل الصالح	مآبا	39	5649
		0(1)			
		5			

الحمد لله رب العالمين

Memorise Surah Naba vocabulary before Ramazan

Prepared by Arshad Basheer Madani WhatsApp group: 00919290621633

Series : from 23 January 2025 to 26 february 2025 Refresh your information about juz Amma (30th Juz) before Ramazan in sha Allaah abnourannotes.com, asknadani.com