Mind Mapping of Objectives and Lessons of 114 OURANGE SURANGE

MIND MAPPING OF Objectives and Lessons of 114 OURANIC SURAH

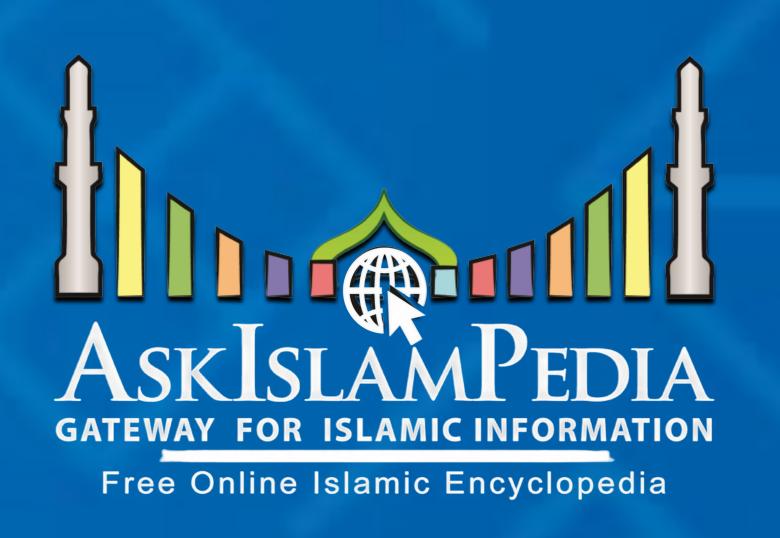
(Volume -2 Surah Hood to Surah An-Nahl - Surah No. 10-16)

Concept and Preparation:

Shaikh Arshad Basheer Umari Madani

Waffaqahullaah

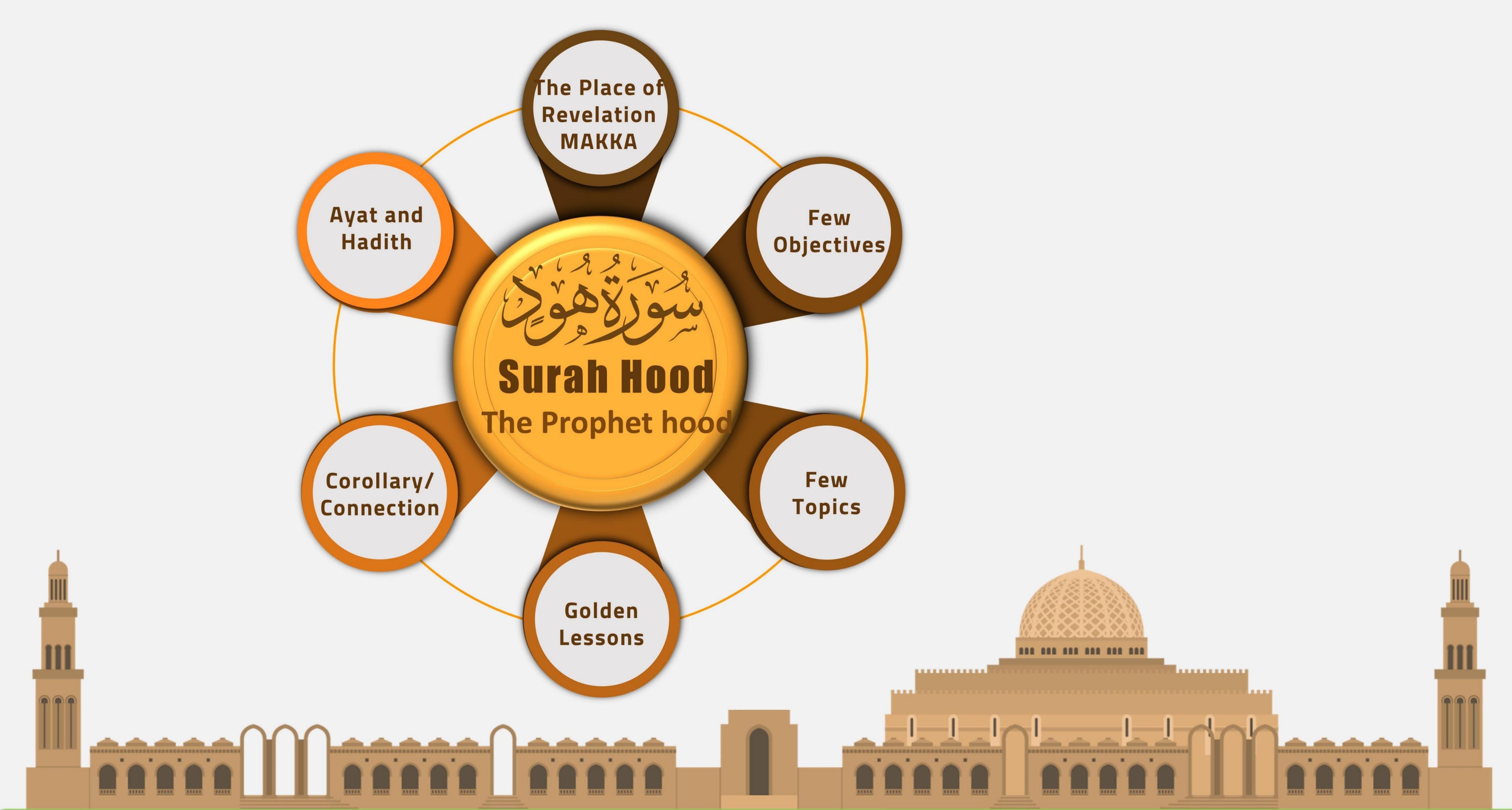
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In the Name of Allaah—the Most Compassionate, Most Merciful.

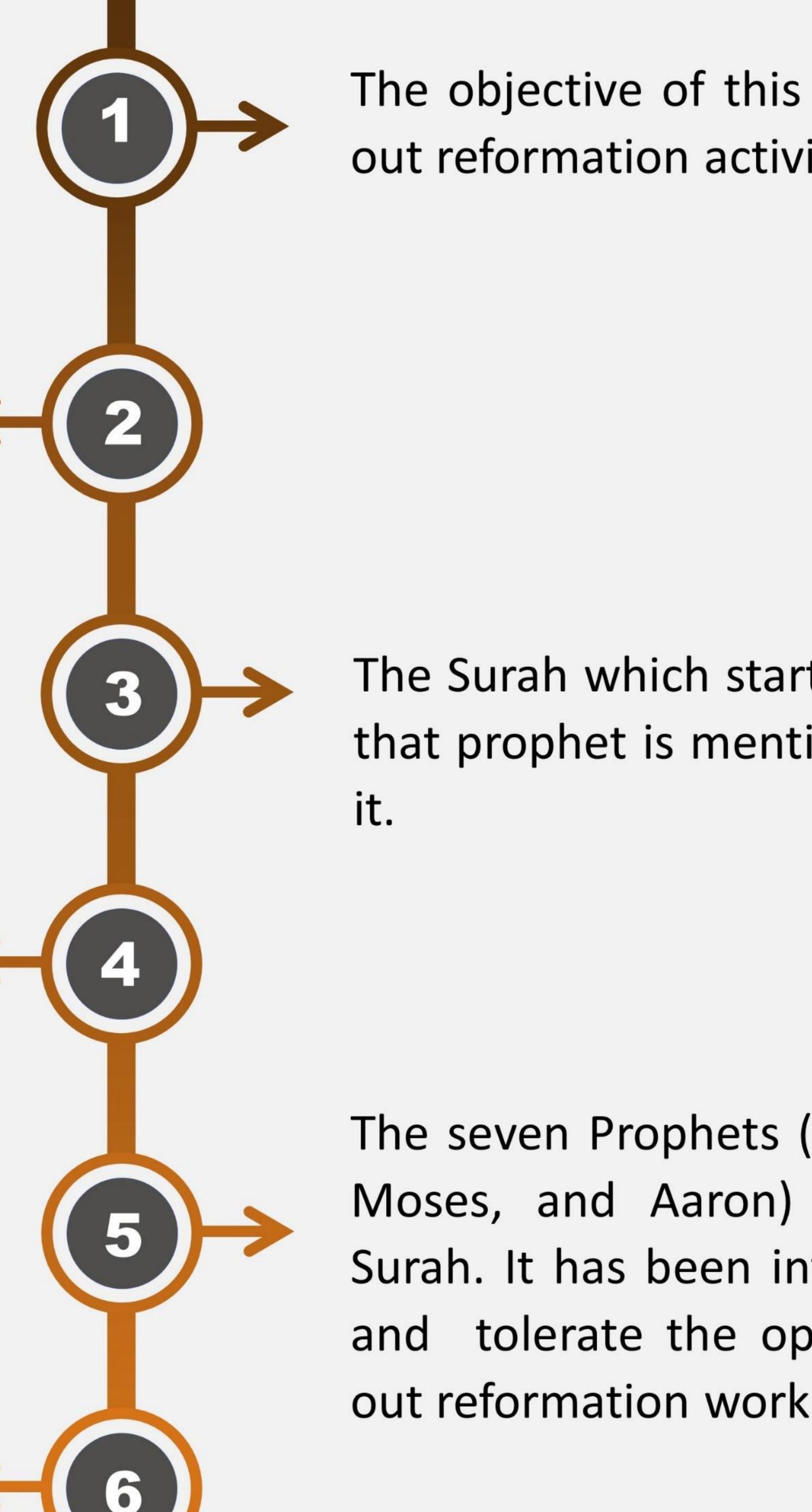




Reformation activities should be continued without bothering the defamation

The Messenger of Allaah (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) said about this Surah: اهودواخواتها Translation: Surah Hood and similar Surahs have made me old (Sahih Al-jami 3720).

The sole purpose of narrating these stories is to console the prophet Mohammad (peace and blessings of Allah be upon him) (Verse: 120).



The objective of this surah is to carry out reformation activities constantly.

The Surah which starts with the name of the Prophet, that prophet is mentioned specially and specifically in

The seven Prophets (Noah, Hood, Saleh, Lot, Shu'aib, Moses, and Aaron) have been mentioned in this Surah. It has been informed that how did they bear and tolerate the oppression of their nation carried out reformation work continuously.



The Source of the Qur'an and its message and disbelievers's viewpoint about it. (1-5)

Kindness, knowledge of Almighty Allah and His power have been stated (6-7).

Viewpoint of the polytheists and regarding the blessings of Allah and punishment which they will get have been stated (8-10)

Viewpoint of the believers regarding the blessings of Allah and the reward which they will get have been mentioned (11).

Sadness of the Messenger of Allah due to insubordination of the polytheism and continuation of Allah's guidance for him (12)

Challenge to unbelievers and polytheists to present any wording similar to the Noble Qur'an (13-14)

Golden Lessons

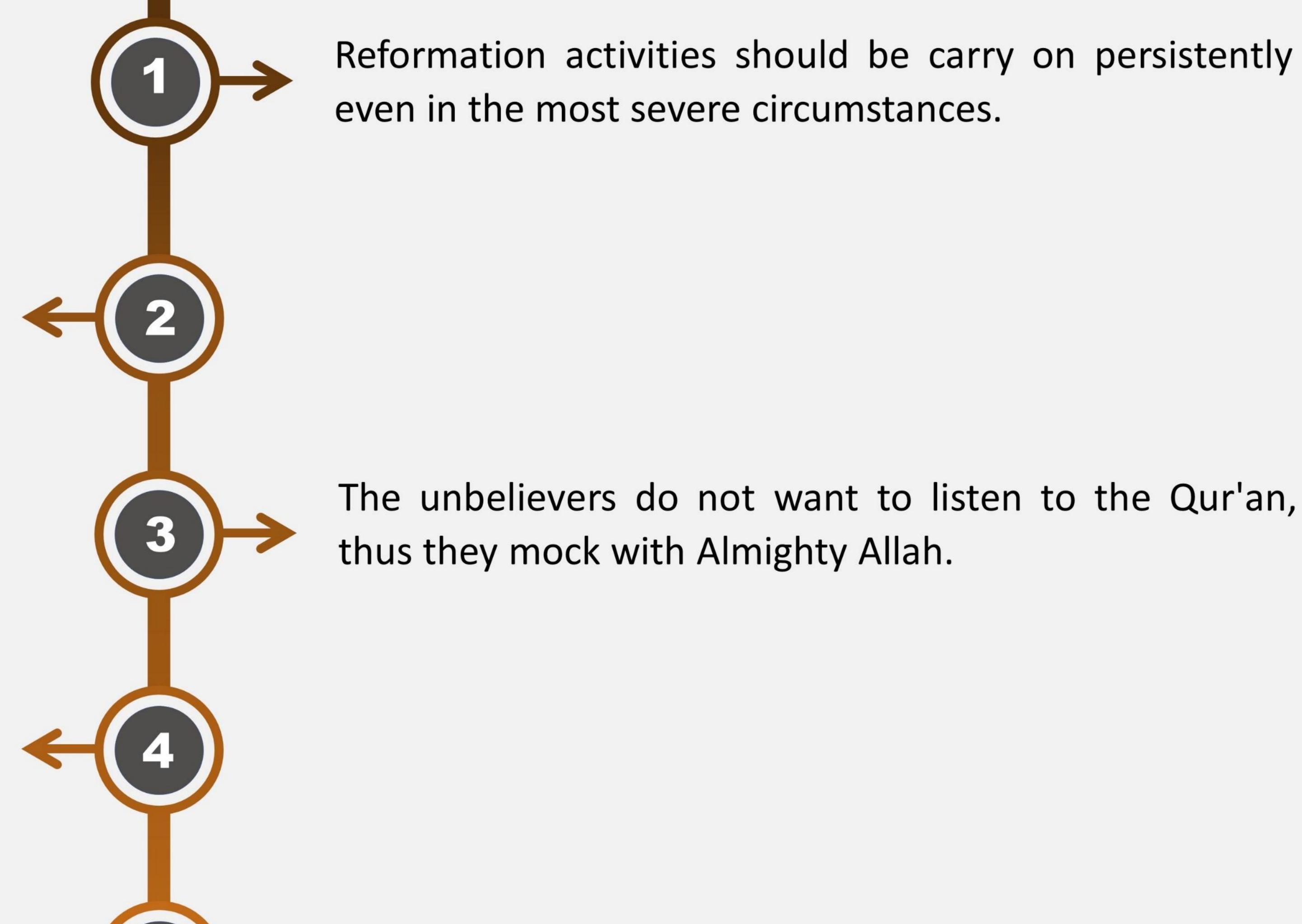
One of the fundamental purposes of revealing the Noble Qur'an is that the servants should worship the Lord and should always seek forgiveness and repent to Almighty Allah.

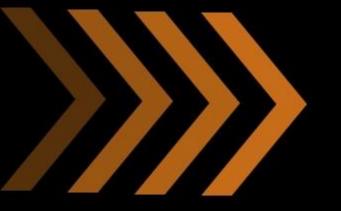
> The unbelievers do not want to listen to the Qur'an, thus they mock with Almighty Allah.

Providing sustenance to all human beings, animals and plants is the responsibility of Allah, and this is the proof of His mercy.

> It is Allah's great artistic work that He has shown in the heavens and the earth.

Situation of this world doesn't remain same constantly. (6





Corollary / Connection, Subtleties of interpretation

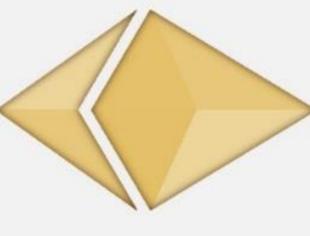
Things have been mentioned in surah Yunus briefly while those have been stated in detail manner in Surah Hood.







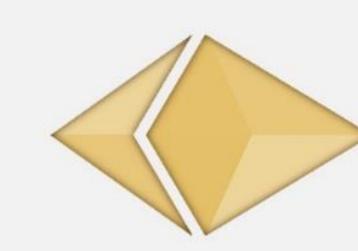




Whoever desires the life of this world and its adornments - We fully repay them for their deeds therein, and they therein will not be deprived.



Whoever desires the life of this world and its adornments - We fully repay them for their deeds therein, and they therein will not be deprived.



And O my people, give full measure and weight in justice and do not deprive the people of their due and do not commit abuse on the earth, spreading corruption.



Narrated Abu Huraira:

The Prophet (ﷺ) said, "There was a merchant who used to lend the people, and whenever his debtor was in straitened circumstances, he would say to his employees, 'Forgive him so that Allah may forgive us.' So, Allah forgave him."

Surah Yusuf

The Prophet Joseph

May Allaah Peace be upon him



Golden Lessons

Corollary/ Connection

Ayat and Hadith

The Place of Revelation MAKKAH

Few Objectives

Few Topics



Few Objectives

Trust in Allah's plan (be patient, do not despair)

This Surah starts with a dream and ends with its interpretation. (4-100)

This Surah was revealed to console the Prophet (may Allaah honour him and grant him peace).

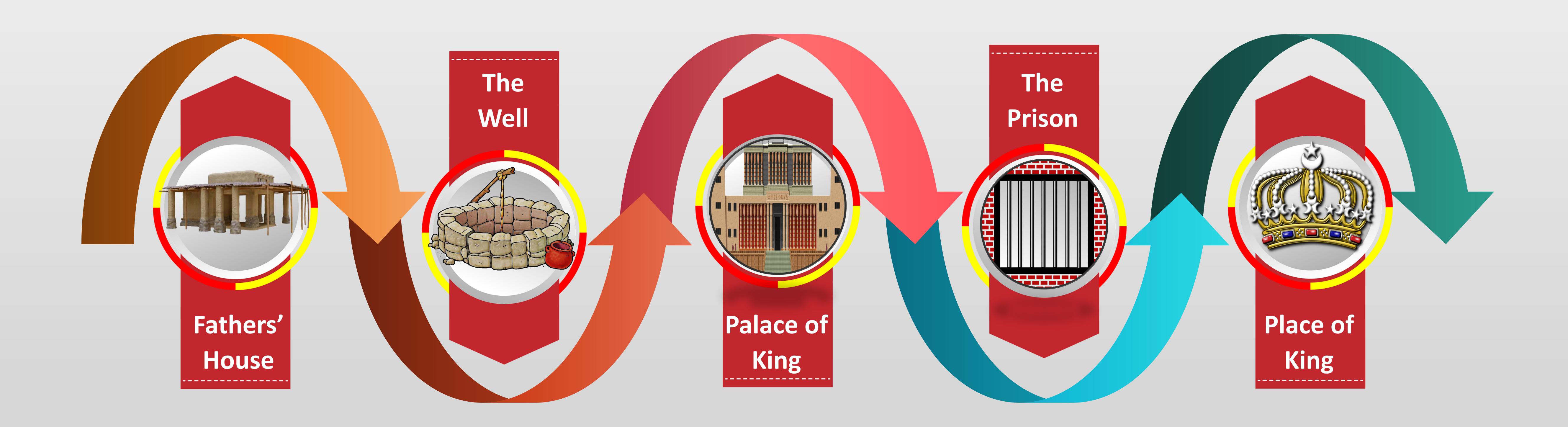
The lives of Prophet Muhammad (may Allaah honour him and grant him peace) and Yusuf (peace be upon him) have similarities.

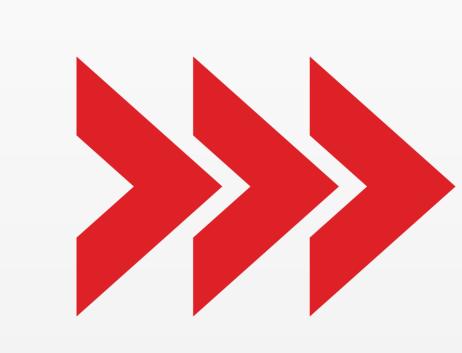
The story which has been mentioned in this Surah is called as Ahsan al-Qasas (the best story).

This Surah has mentioned countries, scholars and the kings, how they get admonition, guidance and advice.



The brief sketch of life of prophet Yusuf (peace be upon him) is as mentioned below, which is consist of ups and downs.





Few Topics

Attributes of the Noble Qur'an, one of its attributes is to narrate the best story that have been stated (1-3)

Yusuf's (peace be upon him) dream and his Father's view on that (4-6)

Yusuf's brothers (peace be upon him) put him into well has been mentioned (7-10)

Yusuf's brothers (peace be upon him) succeed in completion of their conspiracy against him that has been mentioned (11-18)

Yusuf (peace be upon him) was taken out of the well and was sold in Egypt (19-20)

Yusuf (peace be upon him) stayed in Egypt and escaped/protected form seduction/temptation of king's wife.



Protection of chastity should continued in all circumstances by male and female, because Allah is watching.

Youth should be idealized, childhood and old age also should be made ideal.

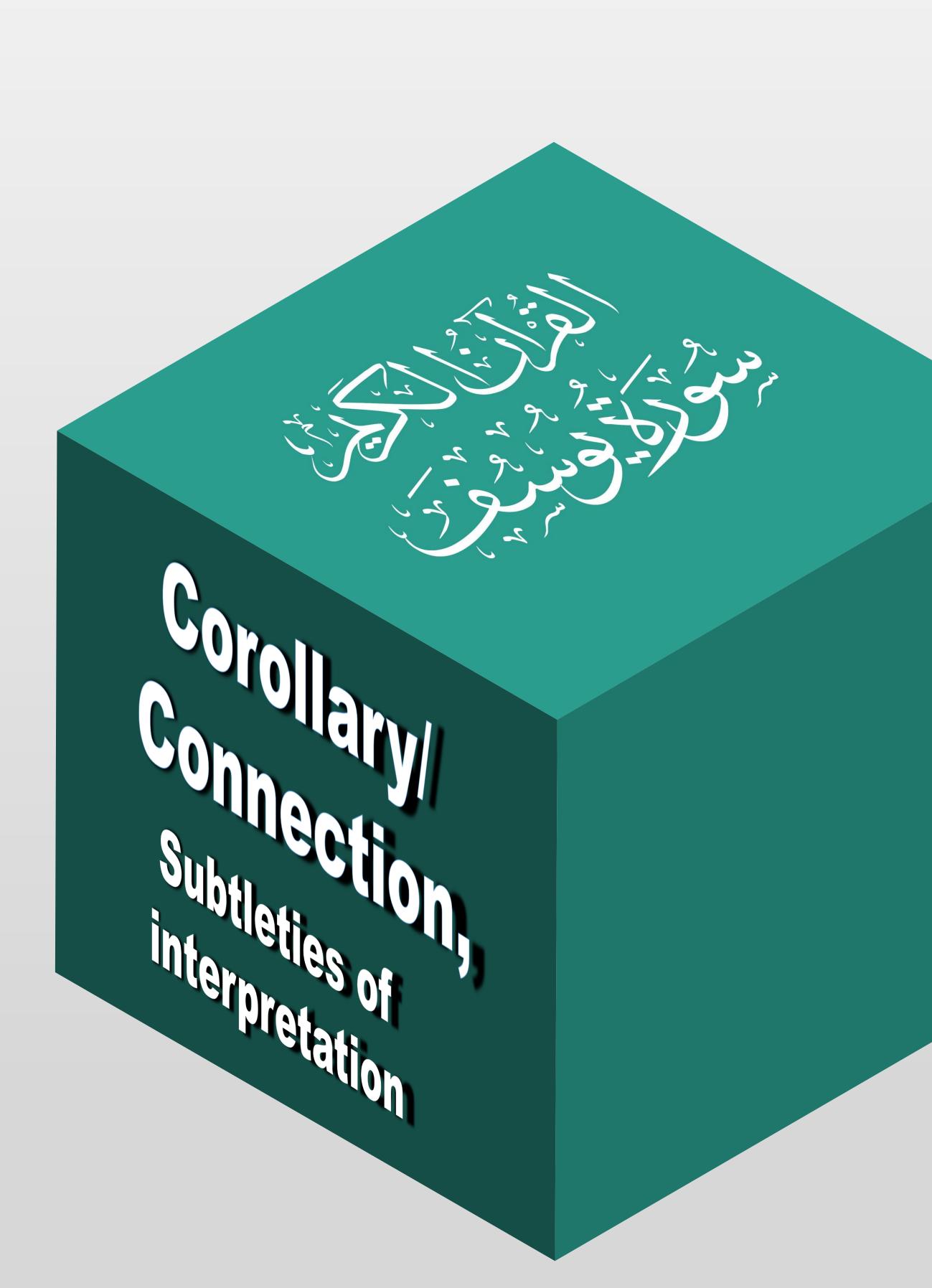
If the victim who has been hurted by means of jealous will reads this Surah, he will feel peace and better.

One of the biggest crimes after shirk (the polytheism) is killing.

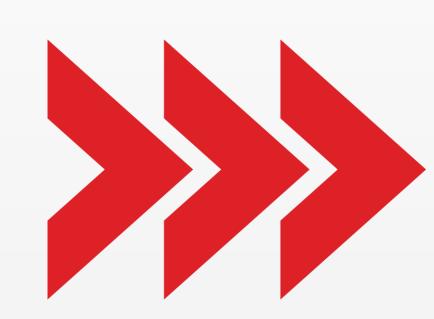
Assumption/suspicion is not prohibited in the light of proofs and evidences.

It is not permissible to hurry for help, because Allaah Glory be to Him wants to test.





Surah Hood and Surah Yusuf both have been revealed to console prophet and revealing time for both surhas is same.



Ayat and Hadith



مَا تَعْبُلُونَ مِن دُونِهِ إِلاَّ أَسْمَاء سَمَّيْتُهُوهَا أَنتُمُ وَآبَاؤُكُم مَّا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ جِهَا مِن سُلطَانٍ إِن الْحُكُمُ إِلاَّ بِلَّهَ أَمْرَ أَلاَّ تَعْبُلُواْ إِلاَّ إِلَّا هُوَلِكَ البِّينُ الْقَيِّمُ وَآبَاؤُكُم مَّا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ جِهَا مِن سُلطَانٍ إِن الْحُكُمُ إِلاَّ بِلِثَاءِ أَمْرَ أَلاَّ تَعْبُلُواْ إِلاَّ إِلِيَّا هُوَلِكَ البِّينُ الْقَيِّمُ وَآبَاؤُكُم مَّا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ جِهَا مِن سُلطَانٍ إِن الْحُكُمُ إِلاَّ بِلِثَاءِ أَمْرَ أَلاَّ تَعْبُلُواْ إِلاَّ إِلَّا يُعْبُلُوا إِلاَّ إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَآبَاؤُكُم مَّا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ جِهَا مِن سُلطانٍ إِن الْحُكُمُ إِلاَّ بِلِثَاءِ أَمْرَ أَلاَ تَعْبُلُواْ إِلاَّ إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا إِللَّا اللَّهُ مِنَا اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن الللَّهُ اللهُ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مِن الللهُ اللهُ مَا اللهُ مَا اللهُ الللللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللللهُ الللهُ الللهُ الللهُ الللهُ اللهُ الللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الل



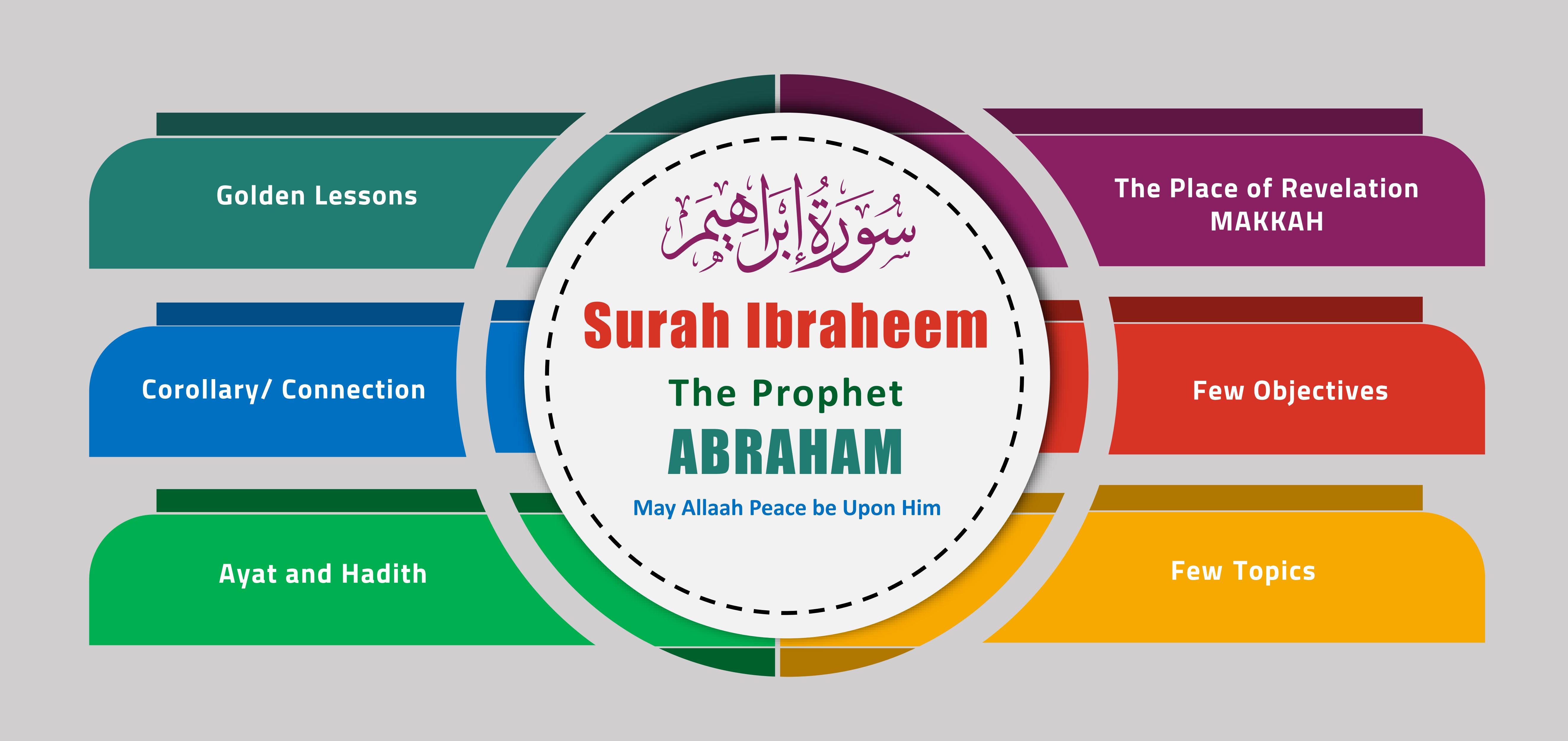
قَالَتْ فَنَلِكُنَّ الَّذِي لَهُ تُنِّي فِيهِ وَلَقَلُ رَاوَدتُّهُ عَن نَّفُسِهِ فَاسْتَعْصَمَ وَلَئِن لَّمْ يَفْعَلَمَا آمُرُهُ لَيُسْجَنَّ وَلَيَكُونَا شِي الصَّاغِرِينَ

She said, "That is the one about whom you blamed me. And I certainly sought to seduce him, but he firmly refused; and if he will not do what I order him, he will surely be imprisoned and will be of those debased."

Abu Hurairah (May Allah be pleased with him) reported:

The Prophet (*) said, "Seven are (the persons) whom Allah will give protection with His Shade* on the Day when there will be no shade except His Shade (i.e., on the Day of Resurrection), and they are: A just ruler; a youth who grew up with the worship of Allah; a person whose heart is attached to the mosque; two persons who love and meet each other and depart from each other for the sake of Allah; a man whom a beautiful and high ranking woman seduces (for illicit relation), but he (rejects this offer by saying): 'I fear Allah'; a person who gives a charity and conceals it (to such an extent) that the left hand might not know what the right has given; and a person who remembers Allah in solitude and his eyes well up."







In this Surah it has been stated that the faith is a blessing and disbelief is a cursed thing.

The subjects of this Surah are Tawheed (oneness of Allaah), Prophethood, Hereafter, Resurrection, Blessings of paradise and discussion in good manner.

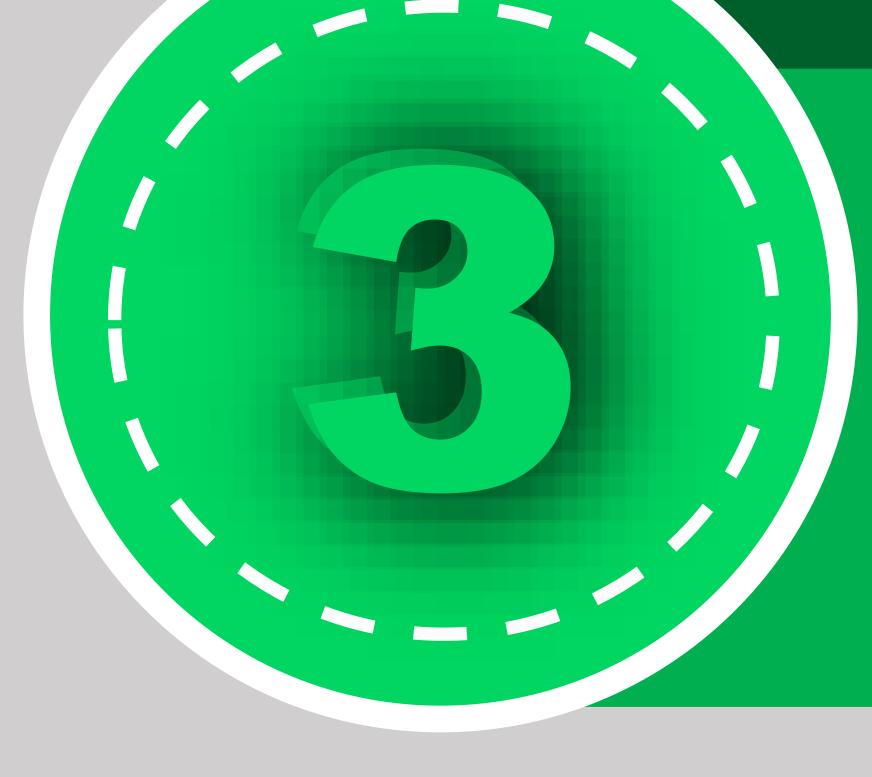




Some people think that the luxury of this world is everything. They consider it alone as the greatest blessing, actually the faith is the greatest blessing that has been mentioned in this surah.

The disbelievers of Quraysh had been told to adopt pure monotheism like Ibraheem (peace be upon him)





Sacrifices of Ibraheem (peace be upon him) has been mentioned in this surah, he left his family in an uncultivated valley in a dessert land merely for the sake of Allaah Glory be to Him.

Comparison between being ingratitude and being grateful of blessing and outcomes of both have been mentioned.





The Noble Qur'an has been sent down by Allaah Glory be to Him, and it is a guidance for the believers and a challenge for the disbelievers (1-3)

Previous prophets and their communities have been mentioned (9-17)



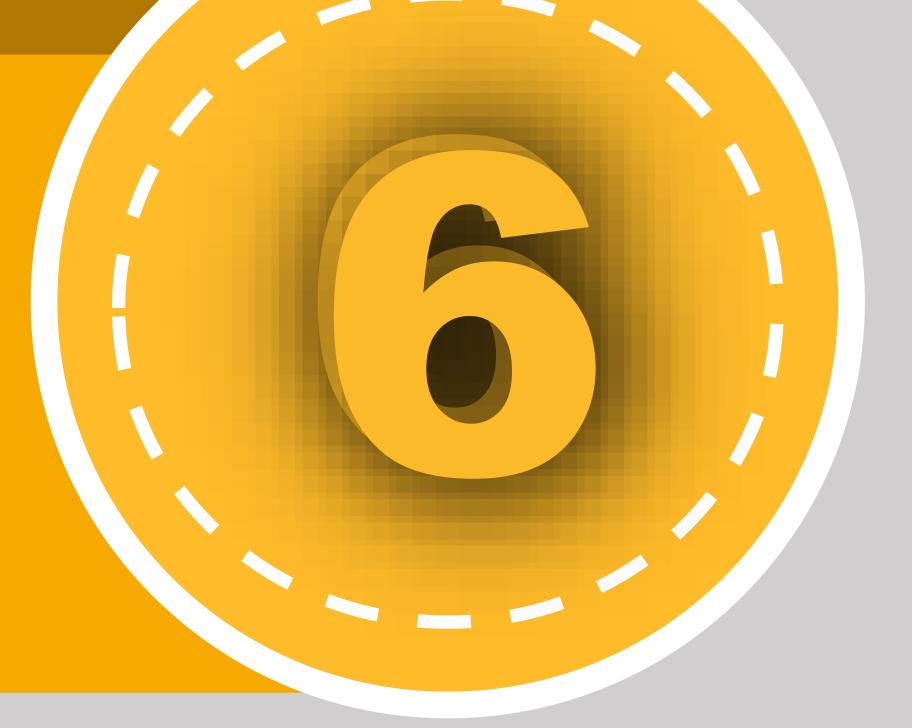
The language of the Prophets and their activities have been explained (4)

Examples of disbeliever's deeds have been mentioned (18)



Moses (peace be upon him) and his people have been stated (5-8)

Allaah Glory be to Him is the Creator of the whole universe (19-20)





The only possible way to get out from the darkness to the light is through the Noble Qur'an, which is the fountain of guidance and light.

One should be thankful for the blessings which he has already obtained while seeking more blessings.

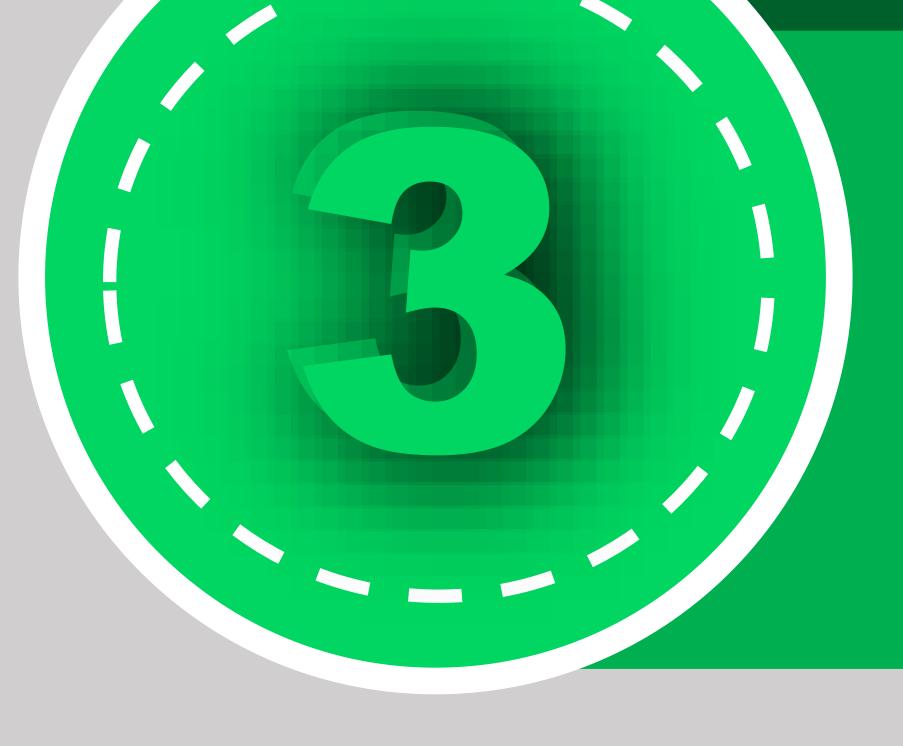




Darkness and light cannot be equal and the blessing of faith is a great blessing.

Allah has given intellectual power to distinguish between good and evil, so no one can make an excuse of destiny.





Allaah Glory be to Him revealed the Qur'an in Arabic, which is a universal language and easy to understand for seeking guidance.

It has been emphasized to reflect in the great signs of Allaah Glory be to Him.







punishment."

وَقَالَ الشَّيْطَانُ لَبَّا قُضِى الْأَمْرُ إِنَّ اللَّهُ وَعَالَ أَكْمُ وَعَالَ الْحَقِّ وَوَعَالُكُمْ فَأَخْلُفُتُكُمْ وَمَا كَانَ لِيَ عَلَيْكُمْ فِي اللَّهُ عِلَا اللَّهِ عَلَى اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُمْ مِمُصْرِ حِيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُرَ كُتُمُونِ مِن قَبُلُ إِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ لَهُمْ عَنَا اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُمْ مِمُصْرِ حِيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُرَ كُتُمُونِ مِن قَبُلُ إِنَّ الظَّالِمِينَ لَهُمْ عَنَا اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُمْ مِمُصْرِ حِيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُورُ كُمُونِ وَلُومُوا أَنفُسَكُم هَا أَنا اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُعْرِ حِيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُورُ كُمُونِ وَلَو مُوا أَنفُسَكُم هَا أَنا اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُعْرِ حِيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُورَ كُمُونِ وَلُومُوا أَنفُسَكُم هَا أَنا اللَّهُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُعْرِ حَيَّ إِنِّى كَفَرْتُ مِمَا أَشُورُ مُمُا أَنْ أَمُونُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُا أَنْكُمُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ مِمُا أَنْكُمُ وَمَا أَنتُهُمْ وَمَا أَنْكُمْ وَمَا أَنْكُمُ وَمَا أَنْكُمُ وَمَا أَنْكُومُ وَاللَّهُ وَمُوا أَنْكُمُ وَمَا أَنْكُومُ وَمُا كُونِ وَلَا مُوا مُوا لِي اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَمُا أَنْكُومُ وَاللَّهُ وَعَلَى اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَى اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَى اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَى اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَعَلَا اللَّهُ وَالْفُلُولُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُ اللَّهُ وَالْمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ

وَلاَ تَحْسَبَنَ اللَّهَ غَافِلاً عَمَّا يَعْبَلُ الظَّالِهُونَ إِنَّمَا يُؤَخِّرُ هُمْ لِيَوْمِ تَشْخَصُ فِيهِ الأَبْصَارُ



And never think that Allah is unaware of what the wrongdoers do. He only delays them for a Day when eyes will stare [in horror].



المالية المالي



((وعن عبد الله بن عمرو بن العاص، رضى الله عنهما، أن النبى، صلى الله عليه وسلم، تلا قول الله عز وجل فى إبراهيم، صلى الله عليه وسلم: {ربإنهن أضللن كثيراً من الناس فن تبعنى فإنه منى} ((إبراهيم:36))، وقول عيسى، صلى الله عليه وسلم: {إن تعذبهم فإنهم عبادك وإن تغفر لهم فإنك أنت العزيز الحكيم} ((المائدة: 118))، فرفع يديه وقال: "اللهم أمتى أمتى" وبكى، فقال الله عز وجل: " يا جبريل اذهب إلى محمد وربك أعلم، فسله ما يبكيه؟ " فأتالا جبريل، فأخبر لارسول الله صلى الله عليه وسلم، بما قال: وهو أعلم، فقال الله تعالى: "يا جبريل اذهب إلى محمد فقل: إنا سنرضيك في أمتك ولا نسؤوك))

ر و و، و ۱ الم

Abdullah bin 'Amr bin Al-'as (May Allah be pleased with them) reported:

The Prophet (*) recited the Words of Allah, the Exalted, and the Glorious, about Ibrahim (*) who said: "O my Rubb! They have led astray many among mankind. But whosoever follows me, he verily, is of me". (14:36) and those of 'Isa (Jesus) (*) who said: "If You punish them, they are Your slaves, and if You forgive them, verily, You, only You, are the All-Mighty, the All-Wise". (5:118). Then he (*) raised up his hands and said, "O Allah! My Ummah, my Ummah," and wept; Allah, the Exalted, said: "O Jibril (Gabriel)! Go to Muhammad (*) and ask him: 'What makes you weep?" So Jibril came to him and asked him (the reason of his weeping) and the Messenger of Allah informed him what he had said (though Allah knew it well). Upon this Allah said: "Jibril, go to Muhammad (*) and say: 'Verily, We will please you with regard to your Ummah and will never displease you".

[Muslim]

The Place of Revelation

Makkah

Few Objectives

Few Topics

Golden Lessons

Corollary/Connection

Ayat and Hadith



Few Objectives

It has been stated in this surah that Allaah Glory be to Him is the protector of His religion. The Muslim should not be afraid of the their enemies, but should engage themselves in da'wah activities and preaching.

When Iblis also said: I will mislead the human beings, Allaah Glory be to Him said: nothing will happen to my righteous servants, it means that Allaah Glory be to Him has taken the responsibility to protect Islam, the Qur'an and Muslims.

The "hijr" is the name of a valley which lies between Medina and Syria (Syria) where the existence of people of Thamud has been found.

The route word for جراة which means cutting the stones, since this nation was skilled in carving rocks so they used to build the palaces by doing so.

It has been also said that due to nearness of Ka'aba it has been clàlled Hijr.

Al-Hijr refers to the place where Thamud lived. They used to carve houses out of rocks. It means any storm, lightning or earthquake could harm them.

Few Topics

The viewpoint of the polytheists regarding the Qur'an and their rebellious have been stated (1-8)

Statement of Allaah Glory be to Him's protection (9)

Previous nations had denied their prophets that have been stated (10-15)

Allaah Glory be to Him's power over His servants and His blessings upon them have been mentioned (16-25)

Creation of human beings and jinn and the angels prostrated to Adam that have been stated (26-30)

The denial of Iblis and the fate of his followers (31-44)

Golden Lessons

The Qur'an makes a clear distinction between truth and falsehood.

Allah rewards the polytheists and the disbelievers in this world itself according to their intentions.

Every soul has been given respite till the time of death.

The angels decends either to convey a message, or to send down a torment or to take life.

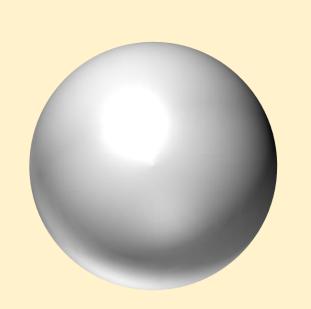
Allaah Glory be to is manifesting His perfect power that He is creator of the former and the latter.

The resurrection is being proved by giving the example of rain.

Ayat
and

Hadith

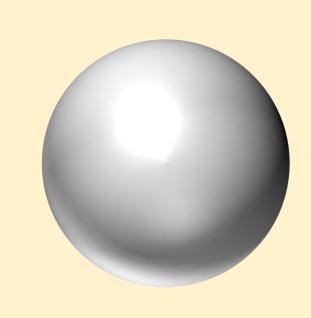




Ayat no: 1

نَبِيءَ عِبَادِي أَنِي أَنَا الْعَفُورُ الرَّحِيمُ

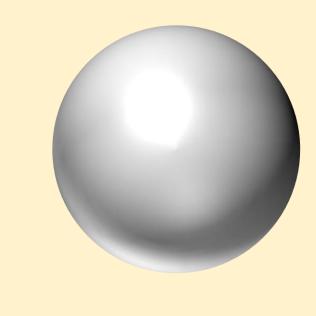
Declare (O Muhammad) unto My slaves, that truly, I am the Oft-Forgiving, the Most-Merciful.



Ayat no:2

فورتك كنشأكهم أجمعين

So, by your Lord (O Muhammad), We shall certainly call all of them to account.

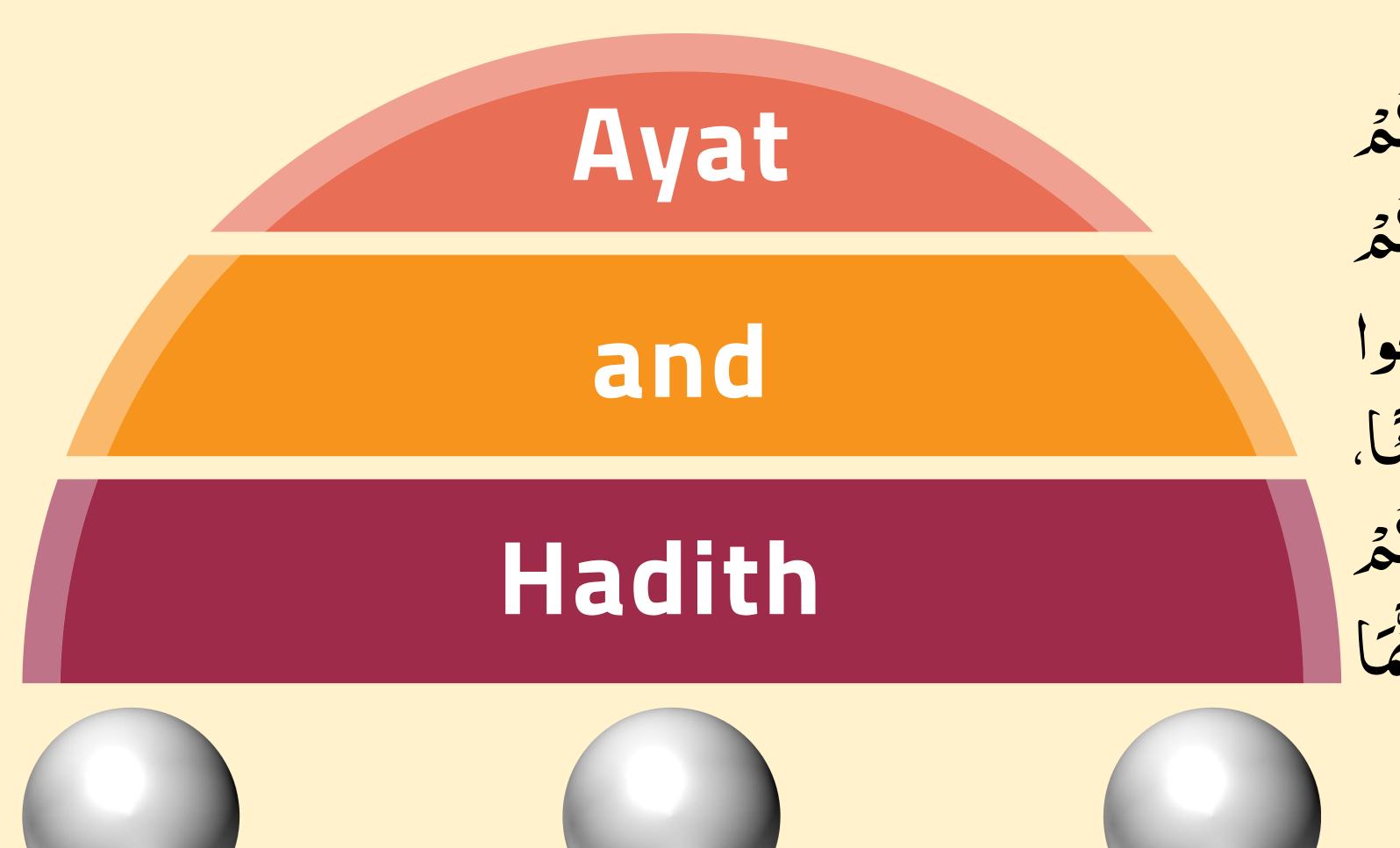


Ayat no:3

عما كانوا يغلون

For all that they used to do





عَن أَي ذَرِّ الْفِفَارِيِّ رَضِى اللَّهُ عَنْهُ، عَن النَّيِّ صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ فِيمَا يَرُويهِ عَنْ رَبِّهِ عَزَّ وَجَلَّ أَنَّهُ قَالَ " يَاعِبَادِى: إِنِّ مَنَ هُكَيْتُهُ فَاسْتَهُهُ فَاسْتَهُهُ وَيْ أَهْهِ كُمْ، يَاعِبَادِى: كُلُّكُمْ جَائِحٌ إِلَّا مَن أَطْعَهُ تُهُ فَاسْتَهُهُ وَاسْتَهُهُ وَيْ أَهْهِ كُمْ، يَاعِبَادِى: كُلُّكُمْ جَائِحٌ إِلَّا مَن أَطْعَهُ تُعُولُونَ إِللَّهُ وَيَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَ

روالامسلم (وكنالك الترمناي وابن مأجه)

) is that among the sayings he relates ^{\$\$\\$}On the authority of Abu Dharr al-Ghifari (may Allah be pleased with him) from the Prophet (from his Lord (may He be glorified) is that He said:

O My servants, I have forbidden oppression for Myself and have made it forbidden amongst you, so do not oppress one another. O My servants, all of you are astray except for those I have guided, so seek guidance of Me and I shall guide you, O My servants, all of you are hungry except for those I have fed, so seek food of Me and I shall feed you. O My servants, all of you are naked except for those I have clothed, so seek clothing of Me and I shall clothe you. O My servants, you sin by night and by day, and I forgive all sins, so seek forgiveness of Me and I shall forgive you. O My servants, you will not attain harming Me so as to harm Me, and will not attain benefitting Me so as to benefit Me. O My servants, were the first of you and the last of you, the human of you and the jinn of you to be as pious as the most pious heart of any one man of you, that would not increase My kingdom in anything. O My servants, were the first of you and the last of you, the human of you and the jinn of you to be as wicked as the most wicked heart of any one man of you, that would not decrease My kingdom in anything. O My servants, were the first of you and the last of you, the human of you and the jinn of you to rise up in one place and make a request of Me, and were I to give everyone what he requested, that would not decrease what I have, any more that a needle decreases the sea if put into it. O My servants, it is but your deeds that I reckon up for you and then recompense you for, so let him who finds good, praise Allah, and let him who finds other than that, blame no one but himself. It was related by Muslim (also by at-Tirmidhi and Ibn Majah).



The Place of Revelation Makkah

Ayat and Hadith

Few Objectives

The state of the s

Corollary/ Connection

Few Topics

Golden Lessons The objective of this Surah is: Tawheed (oneness of Allaah Glory be to Him), resurrection, revelation, establishment of proof of existence of Allaah Glory be to Him, macrocosmic evidences, and Abundance of Blessings. A combination of Allaah Glory be to Him's blessings and His punishment.

The objective of of this surah is being grateful for Allaah Glory be to Him's blessings.

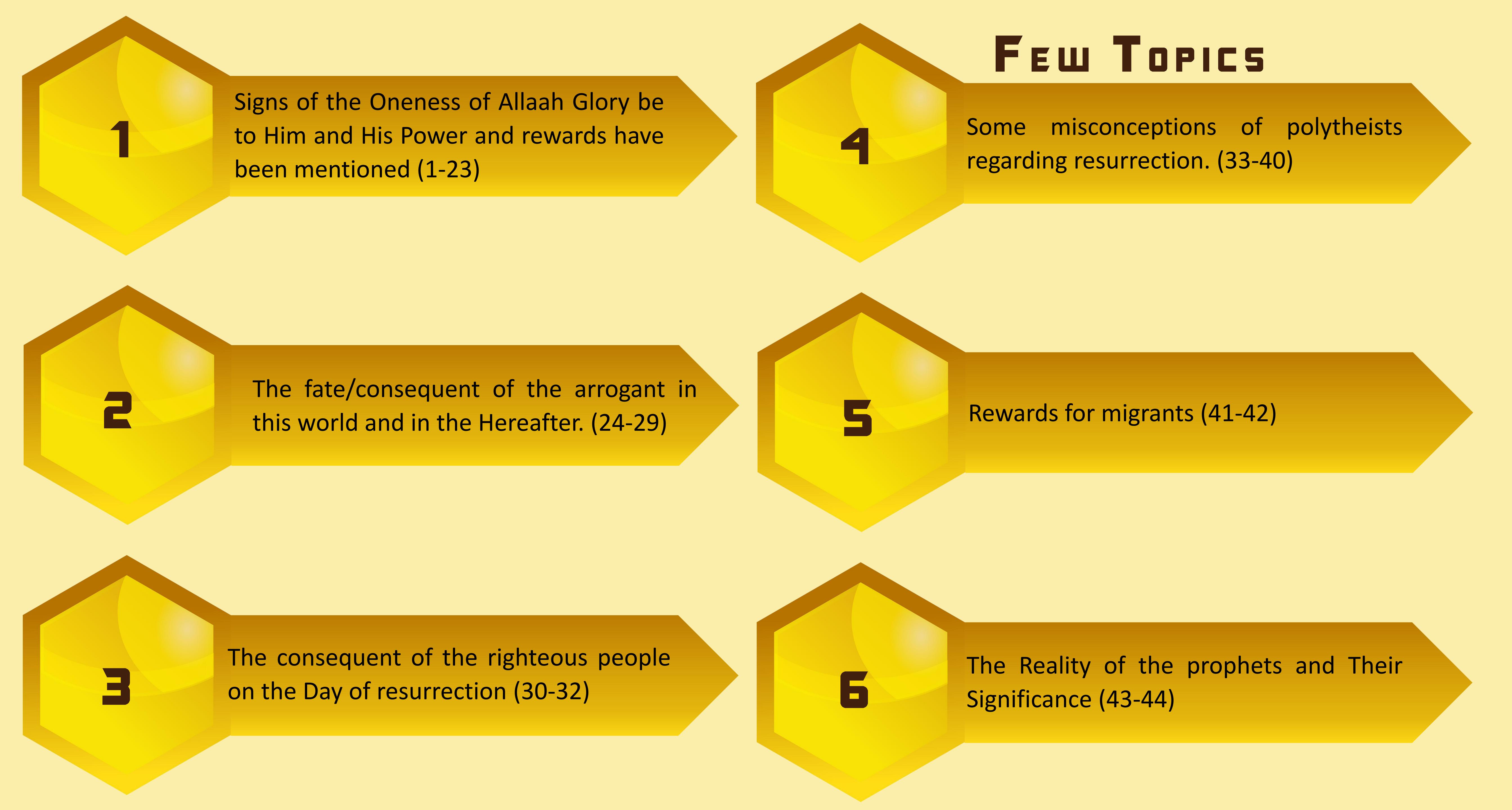
The infinite blessings of Allaah Glory be to Himhave been mentioned in this surah.

FEW OBJECTIVES

The name of this surah is Nahl because the "bee" has been mentioned in this surah as a blessing. (Verses 68, 69)

It has been commanded in this surah to do dawah/invite people and carry out argument.

Islam does not prevent from positive development in the world it does not contradict with the parameters of Islam.



GOLDEN LESSONS

The truth always wins.

Allaah is able to catch His servants due to their sins immediately but if He does so then all will be perished.

4

It has been warned from ungratefulness in this Surah.

People who are homeless know the value of a comfortable life at home.

5

It has been taught to be kind with Women.

Through good preaching, the word enters the heart and it influences by gentleness.

AYAT AND HADITH



وَإِنْ تَعُنُّوا نِعْبَةُ اللَّهِ لِا يُحْصُوهَا إِنَّ اللَّهُ لَغُفُورٌ رَحِيمُ

(Surah Nahl:18)

If you tried to count Allah's blessings, you would never be able to number them. Surely Allah is All-Forgiving, Most Merciful.

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَأْمُرُ بِالْعَدُلِ وَالْإِحْسَانِ وَإِيتَاءِ ذِى الْقُرْبَى وَيَنْهَى عَنِ الْفَحْشَاءِ وَالْمُنْكِرِ وَالْبَغِي يَعِظُكُمُ لَعَلَّكُمُ تَنَاكُّرُونَ

(Surah Nahl:90)

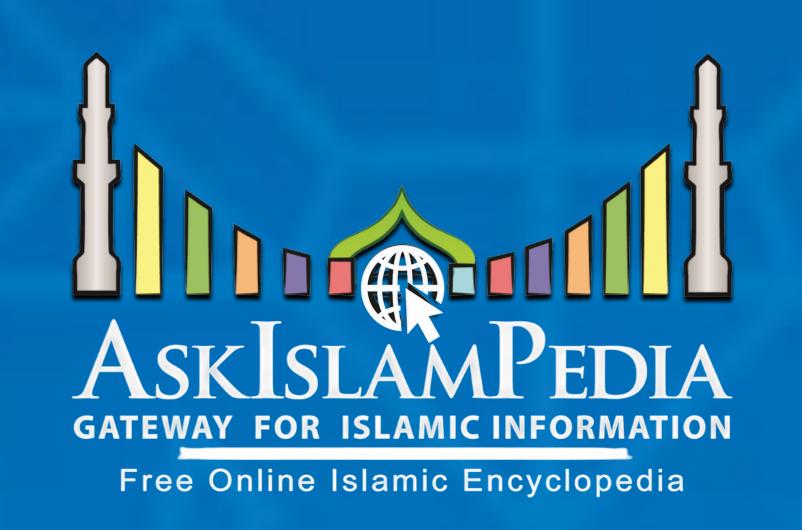
Indeed, Allah commands justice, grace, as well as courtesy to close relatives. He forbids indecency, wickedness, and aggression. He instructs you so perhaps you will be mindful.



حَكَّاتُنَا هَكَّاكِ بَنُ خَالِدٍ الأَزْدِيُّ، وَشَيْبَانُ بَنُ فَرُّوخَ بَمِيعًا عَنْ سُلَيْهَانَ بَنِ الْمُغِيرَةِ، - وَاللَّفُظُ لِشَيْبَانَ - حَكَّاتُنَا سُلَيْهَانُ، حَكَّاتُنَا الرَّحَنِ الرَّعْنِ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ " عَجَبًا لأَمْرِ الْمُؤْمِنِ إِنَّ أَمْرَهُ كُلَّهُ خَيْرٌ وَلَيْسَ ذَاكَ لأَحْدٍ إِلاَّ لِلْمُؤْمِنِ إِنَ أَصَابَتُهُ سَرَّاءُ شَكَرَ لَيْلَ اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ " عَجَبًا لأَمْرِ الْمُؤْمِنِ إِنَّ أَمْرَهُ كُلَّهُ خَيْرٌ وَلَيْسَ ذَاكَ لأَحْدٍ إِلاَّ لِلْمُؤْمِنِ إِنَ أَصَابَتُهُ سَرَّاءُ شَكَرَ فَكَانَ خَيْرًا لَهُ".

Strange are the ways of a believer for there is good in every affair of his and this is not the case with anyone else except in the case of a believer for if he has an occasion to feel delight, he thanks (God), thus there is a good for him in it, and if he gets into trouble and shows resignation (and endures it patiently), there is a good for him in it.





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